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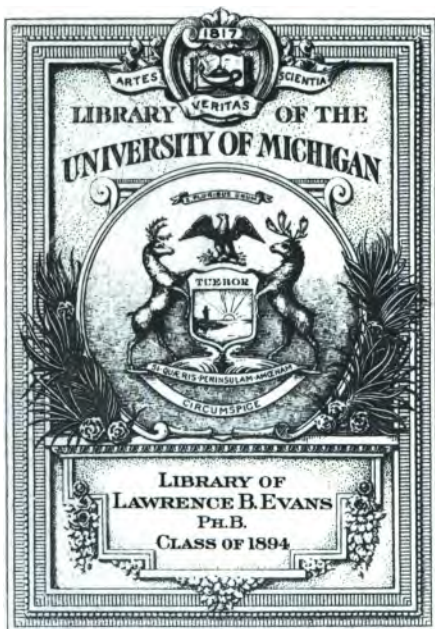
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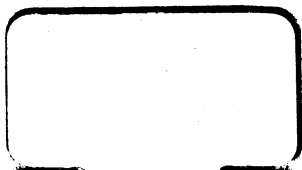
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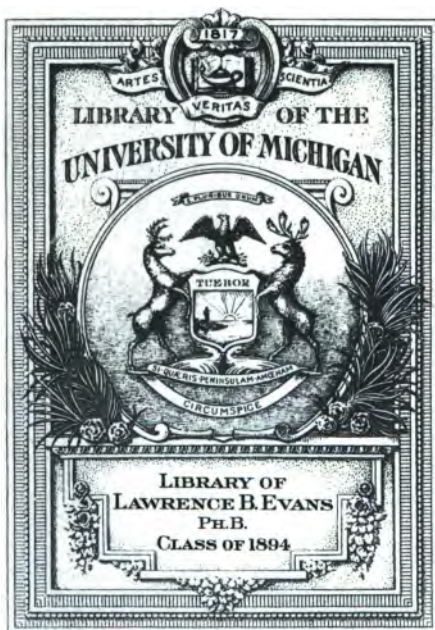
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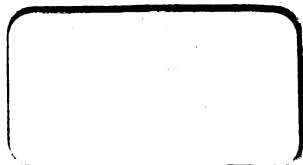
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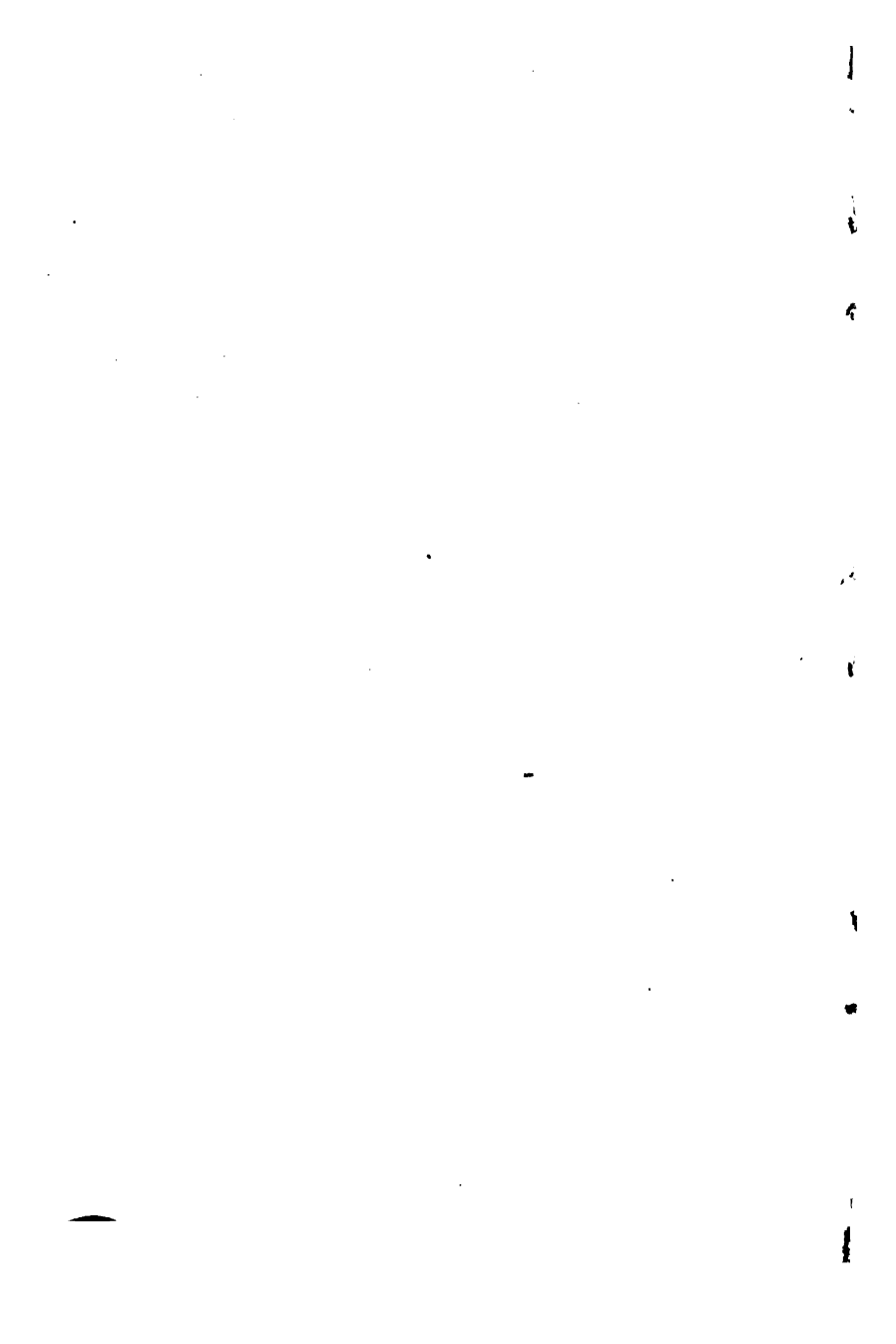
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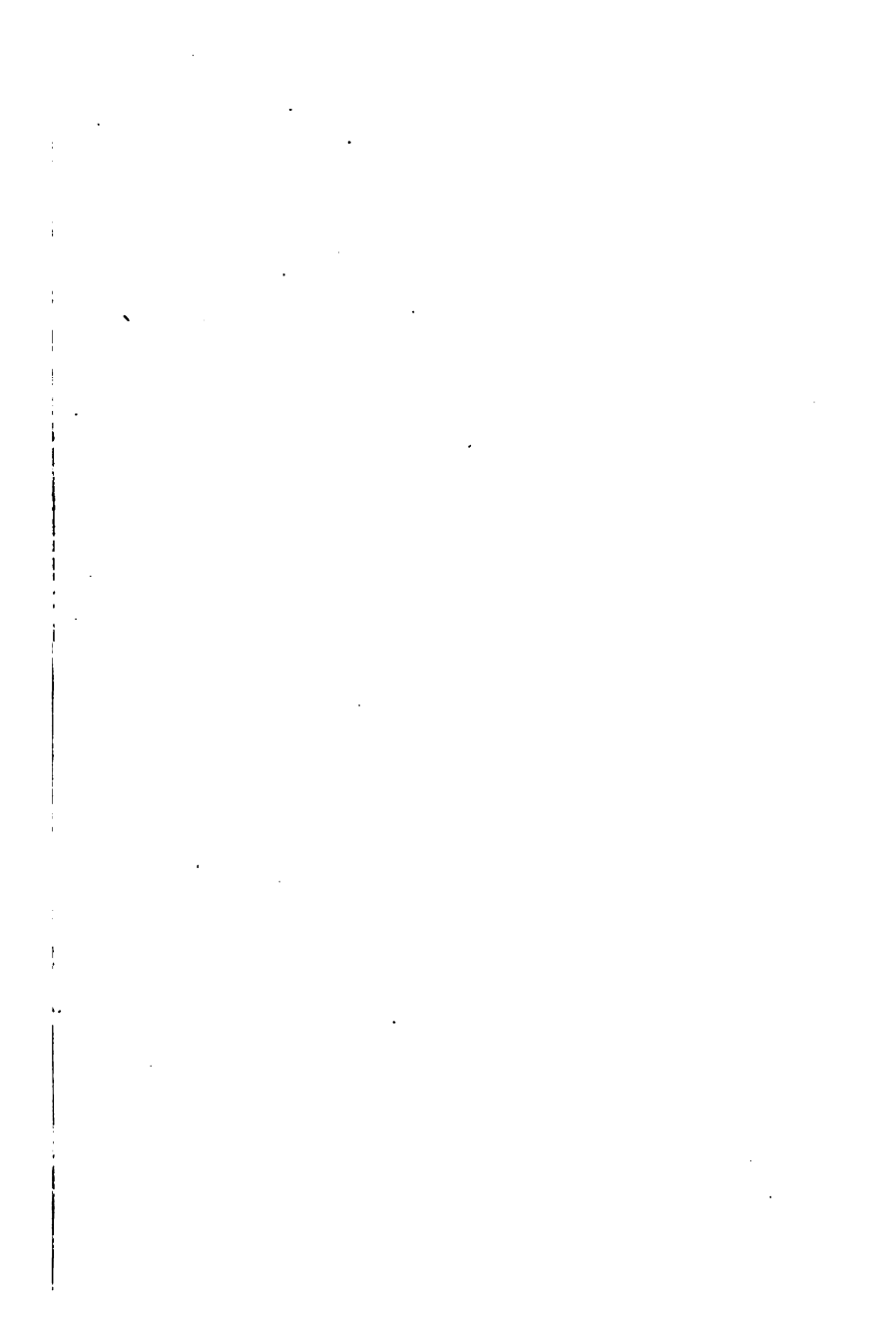
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1904



**THE MILITARY ADVENTURES
OF JOHNNY NEWCOME**

'He jests at Scars, who never felt a Wound'

—SHAKESPEARE





Starting to join his Regiment.



Roberts, David
THE
MILITARY ADVENTURES
OF JOHNNY NEWCOME

WITH AN ACCOUNT OF HIS CAMPAIGN
ON THE PENINSULA AND IN PALL MALL
AND NOTES

BY AN OFFICER

WITH FIFTEEN COLOURED SKETCHES
BY T. ROWLANDSON

A NEW EDITION



METHUEN AND CO.
LONDON
1904

NOTE

THIS Issue is founded on the original
Edition printed for Patrick Martin in
the year 1816.



DEDICATION
TO THE SUBALTERNS OF THE
BRITISH ARMY

Gentlemen,

I shall, I trust, be acquitted of any servile view, when, in dedicating this humble Essay to the Subalterns of the British Army, I adopt the only means in my power of shewing how much I honour and admire them.

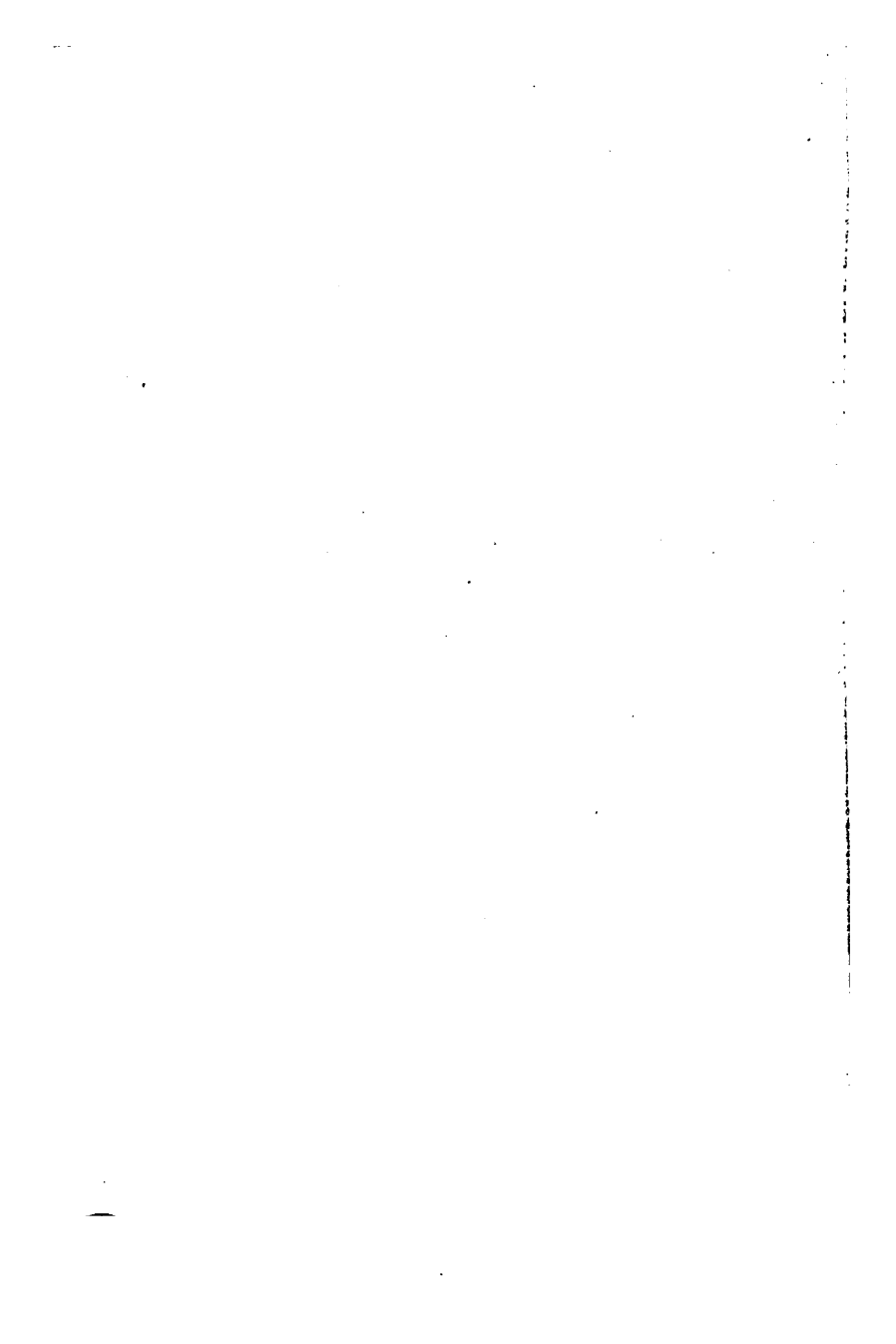
I have the honour to be,

Gentlemen,

With the greatest respect,

Your most obedient Servant,

THE AUTHOR.

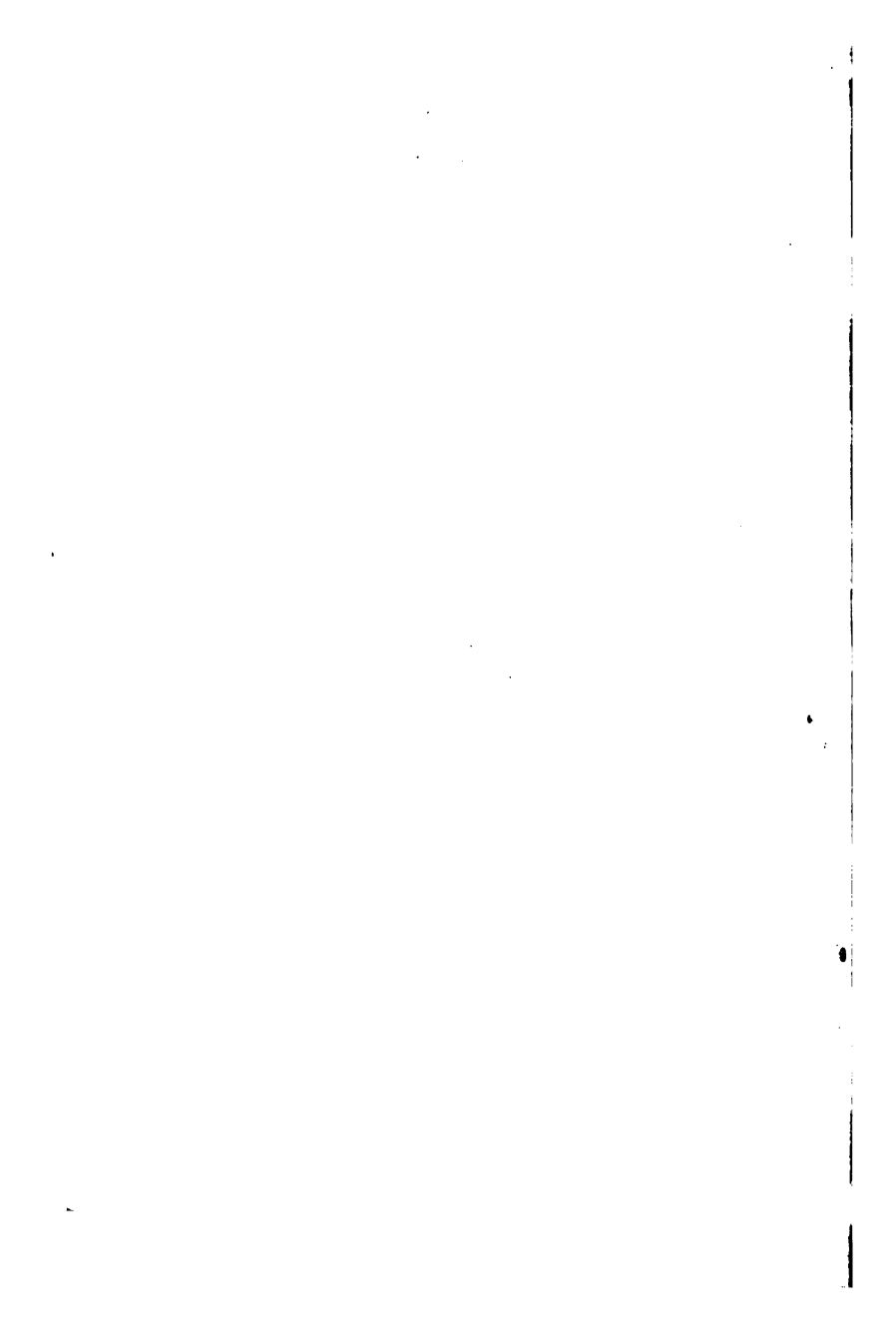


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L. B. Evans
2-28-31

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6-6-36 mfp



THE MILITARY ADVENTURES
OF
JOHNNY NEWCOME

ON Ludgate Hill, a traveller may see
John *Newcome*, Grocer, No. Fifty-three ;
Now, sober reader, don't turn up your nose,
But profit by the truths I shall disclose.
The *Newcome* family, you may believe,
Straitways descended from good Madam
Eve ;

Adam, a *Newcome*, when in Paradise,
The wily serpent did Dame Eve entice
To touch forbidden fruit; and to his shame,
Poor Adam *Newcome* silyly did the same :

2 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF

For this, from Paradise they soon were
hurl'd,

And thus Cain *Newcome* came into the
World.

'Twould be an endless job were I to trace
All the descendants of the *Newcome* race :
Let it suffice that I curtail my rhymes,
To scenes connected with the present
Times.

Widely extended is the *Newcome* Name,
Some scoff'd for Folly, some renown'd for
Fame ;

Did we in Foreign Courts but look
askance,

We find they've play'd the very Devil in
France.

Each in his turn assum'd the Sovereign
Sway,

'Till Boney *Newcome* drove them all away ;
Mighty in deeds, his Mighty power evinces,

And makes his tribes of *Newcomes* Kings
and Princes.

Louis to Holland went with State Regalia,
And silly Jerome king'd it at Westphalia:
Poor foolish Joe went slily into Spain,
But Paddy *Newcome* whipt him out again.
Ah! Honey, that's a *Newcome*, if you
please,

Makes Boney tremble in his Thuilleries.
His fame—but, let me onward with my
story,
My humble rhymes would only mock his
Glory.

In London *Newcomes* everywhere are seen,
Newcome's a Lord, a General, Knight or
Dean—

Newcomes, where'er you go, you're sure to
meet,
The Park, the Playhouse, or St. James's
Street.

4 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF

Amongst our Quality, you'll find a few,
And Carlton House has got its *Newcome*
too.

At both the Universities you find 'em,
But in such numbers that they never
mind 'em.

In all Professions, Lawyers, Fiddlers,
Bards,

Lots in the Line, and many in the Guards.
This leads me to the subject of my story,
Tho' first I thought it right to lay before ye,
By way of preface, or of introduction,
Or, if you please, a smattering of instruction ;

Go as you will, no matter when, or where,
You're sure to see a Johnny *Newcome*
there.

Now this same Grocer was a man of weight,
Eat turtle soup, and talked of Church and
State,—

For twenty years had bustled well through
life,

Blest with one son by Doll his loving Wife:
The Youth, a lankey, awkward, shuffling
Blade,

Bred by the old ones to pursue the Trade,
School'd by Mamma, who thought all
learning stuff,

'Young John will have the Cash, and
that's enough.'

By Martial ardour fired, John scorn'd to
stop

And retail sugar in his father's Shop!
In spite of Daddy's wrath, and Mother's
tears,

Strutted an Ensign in the Volunteers;
But the good souls were quickly reconcil'd
In admiration of their darling Child.
Old Johnny seem'd afraid he'd be too
rash,

6 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF

But Mother doated on the Sword, and
Sash.

Soon Johnny grew ambitious of renown,
And sigh'd to flourish in some Country
Town ;

In some Militia Corps, at distant Quarters,
Act the Lothario with the Wives and
Daughters.

Money, or Interest, never-failing friends,
Soon did the job, and Johnny gain'd his
ends.

Translated then to a Militia Beau,
Dear, lively Captain *Newcome*'s all the go !
Sports a gay Curricl and pair of Tits,
Damns smokey London, and the frowsy
Cits ;

With ardour talks of Marches, Camps,
and Fight ;
Such scenes as these would be his soul's
delight.

At length, one day, his spirits flush'd with
Wine,

Johnny resolved to go into the Line ;
Writes to Mamma a coxer to Petition
She'd make his Father buy him a Com-
mission.

The doating Mother dwells with anxious
pause,

Ere she could send her darling to the Wars.
But as she'd ne'er refused him what he
wanted,

She paid the Cash, and his request was
granted :

Soon now the Official letter made it known
That Ensign *Newcome*, Fourth or the
King's Own,

Would on receipt immediately go,
And quick present himself at the Dépôt.
What thrilling tumults in his bosom came
To see amongst the Regulars his name !

8 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF

So dash'd away in wondrous haste and
pother,

To take a flying leave of Dad and Mother.

A soldier bold, now Johnny vaunts and
vapours,

Anticipates his name in London papers.

' From admiration we cannot refrain,

' The gallant Ensign *Newcome*'s going to
Spain ;

' To shew our gratitude we don't dis-
semble,

' Heroes like him must make Massena
tremble.'

Or, should a Battle ease him of his breath,

His Name's recorded in the list of Death ;

The *Mortuum Caput* then they thus would
fill,

' Died Ensign *Newcome*, late of Ludgate
Hill—

' Of twenty wounds receiv'd in an attack,

‘ All in his front, he scorn’d to turn his
back.

‘ This sad event will be a grievous blow,
Sir,

‘ To Johnny *Newcome*, Alderman and
Grocer.’¹

Young John was well aware to what
extent

To purchase fame a golden guinea went ;
At all the Shops where characters were
sold,

He could be made a Hero for his gold ;

A valiant Hero then at any rate,

Our John resolv’d to be or soon, or late.

An Order now arriv’d at the Dépôt,

‘ That Ensign *Newcome* should to Hilsea
go.’

¹ This species of partial puffing is carried too far. It reminds me of something of a similar tendency, that panegerized a young Count who was killed by a BROAD-WHEELED WAGGON.

Altho' John relish'd not these hasty ways,
 He bolted off to Hilsea in a chaise ;
 And then a Note was handed to our Spark,
 ' That without loss of time he should
 embark.'

' Upon my soul,' says John, ' this is no jest,
 ' They won't allow a man a little rest.'

Boxes and trunks were cramm'd into a
 Boat,

And Johnny *Newcome* found himself afloat.
 John star'd with wonder when he got on
 Board,

To see himself surrounded by the Flood.
 The rapid movements so confused his head,
 He knew not what he did, nor what he said ;
 Had not his appetite, which never fail'd him,
 With certain griping, knawing hints
 assail'd him :

For John to certain forms was true, and
 steady,

So eager ask'd when dinner would be ready?

'Dinner¹ I'll warrant,' says a churlish Elf,

'If you want dinner, pray provide yourself;

'You'll get no dinner here, 'tis not the
fashion,

'We only find you Cabin, Berth, and
Ration!'

'Damme,' says John, 'is this your Trans-
port way?

'What starve a body?—rot me if I stay!'

John's resolution now began to shake;

Did he for this his happy home forsake?

¹ The intention of government was no doubt to consult as much as possible the convenience of the Officers; but, the arrangement *was*, and *is*, shameful, respecting their treatment when embarked and on board Transports. In the first instance, hurried to get on Board, they immediately find they have nothing to expect but a hard berth, the use of the Cabin, and Rations; no utensils to cook with, or to use; no person to cook for them; in short, all must depend on their individual exertion. Conceive a young Lad, without a servant, and with a scanty purse, thus situated, expecting a voyage of a month or six weeks' continuance!

12 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF

A brother Sub seeing Johnny so distrest,
Said, 'Come, Sir, let us council for the
best ;

' Money you have no doubt, and as 'tis fine

' Let us together go on shore to dine—

' Buy what we want, and send it to the
Ship,

' Nor ask a favour of this Savage Rip.'

John liked the offer—shook him by the
hand—

Jump'd in the Boat, and off they made
for Land ;

Din'd, drank their Bottle, and in merry
glee

Purchas'd their Stock, and went next day
to Sea.

But now friend John, when tossing on the
Ocean,

Felt his poor bowels in a strange com-
motion ;

Grew serious, then grew sick, and hung
his head,

Reach'd, grunted, groan'd, and stagger'd
to his bed ;

A prey to sorrow, sickness, and dejection,
Restless he lay, imbitter'd with reflection—
Curs'd his own folly—had he but his will,
He'd sooner retail figs on Ludgate Hill.

Poor John thus lay, till by propitious blast,
The ready Anchor's in the Tagus cast.

Now motionless the Ship, the sickness flew,
His wondering eyes successive objects
drew.

Saw the proud Tagus in smooth torrent
Flow,

Greeting fair Lisbon, with its breast of
Snow ;

Saw Churches, Convents, o'er each other
rise,

With stern devotion tow'ring to the Skies.

14 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF

Our youthful Hero now we introduce,
Deck'd off in Uniform, and fiercely spruce,
With Hat of Wellington, stuck fore,
and aft,

And crimson sash tied carelessly abaft.
Black Stock, Reg'mental Sword, and
natty Spurs—

Without the latter there's no Hero stirs.
Spurs¹ to a gallant youth are things of
course,

To make folks fancy he has got a Horse ;
But as in this, opinions may divide,

¹ With respect to the Officers at Lisbon, who were there either on duty, or leave, or otherwise, the variety of their dress became at length so ridiculous that Major-General Peacock was obliged to issue a severe Order, restricting them to the use of the Regimental Great Coat, and Hat, or Cap.

Lord Wellington, in consequence of the heat of the weather, indulged the Officers in wearing loose Great Coats ; but this was soon followed up with waistcoats of all sorts, and colours, with filagree gold, or silver buttons, and what were called Forage Caps, of all fancies and shapes. They only wanted the appendage of Bells.

Yet all must think the gallant Youth
can ride ;

Thus gay equipt, his bosom proudly
swelling,

Seeks the Town-Major's Office, or his
Dwelling.

Now see him strutting through the sultry
Streets,

Staring with all his eyes, at all he meets ;
Bald-headed Friars, Ladies, hid in Veils,
Postboys with huge cock'd Hats, and
monstrous Tails.

John thought they seem'd a motley group
of quizzes,

With lankey jaws, black brows, and dingy
phizzes.

Now reach'd the Office, in he boldly
bounc'd,

And with erected front himself announc'd ;
When a Staff-Officer, with a stately look,

A sort of frowning survey of him took :

‘ Pray who are you ? ’ was pompously demanded :

‘ I ’m Ensign *Newcome*, and from England landed.’¹

‘ To Belem go, where orders you ’ll receive;

‘ Write down your Name, Sir, and then Lisbon leave.’

John bolted out, saying ‘ Damme what a Beast,

‘ I reckon he ’s a General at least :

‘ O rot this Soldier’s life, the Devil ’s in it,

‘ They will not let a body rest a minute ;

‘ I ’m fairly sick of it, and so I ’ll tell ’em.

‘ I say, my friend, is this the way to Belem ? ’

¹ All Officers under the rank of Field-Officer, on landing at Lisbon, were ordered to report themselves at the Town-Major’s Office, and were from thence sent to the Belem Dépôt, to be disposed of by the Commandant there.

‘*Senhor*,’ with shoulders shrugged, ‘*no*,
 no, intende.’¹

‘No, in ten day ! if I go there,’ says John,
 ‘the Devil mend me.’

A British Soldier, who was near at hand
Said, ‘Sir, our Lingo he don’t understand:
‘Tis but three Miles, strait forward if you
 please,

‘There’s no use axing them there Por-
 tuguese.’

John travell’d on—but soon he slack’d his
 pace,

The scorching Sun came full upon his face.

‘O d——n their Climate, here’s a pretty
 rig,—

‘Curse me if I’m not sweating like a Pig.

‘Could I but once get home, they soon
 should see,

¹ ‘No intende,’ in Portuguese, signifies ‘don’t under-
stand.’

18 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF

‘The Devil might have all Portugal for
me.’

Grumbling and Mopping, John at length
contrives,

And at the Belem Barracks¹ he arrives.

But Johnny’s spirit now was softened
down,

He tremulously ask’d for Captain Brown ;

¹ The Barracks at Belem were assigned as a general receptacle for Detachments coming from England, and all recovered Men. Captain Brown, of the 23rd Regiment (than whom no Officer could have managed the duties of Commandant more properly, reputably, and honourably), made the arrangements for the march of Parties to join the Army, apportioned the number of Officers ; and gave them orders, and directions for their conduct. Sometimes he permitted Officers to proceed alone to join their Regiments, but generally they were attached to Parties.

One general Rout to the Army was established, and the distances so divided, and Depôts formed, that the parties could be provisioned every three or four Days ; a Commandant, and Adjutant, with requisite non-commissioned officers, being established at each Depôt, together with a Commissariat and an Hospital ; and though last, not, unfortunately, the least necessary, a Provost-Marshal.

Announc'd himself once more, and begg'd
to know

What were his Orders? where was he to
go?

The Commandant observing John was
heated,

Mildly requested that 'he would be seated.'
John's spirits had been sinking in the
wane,

But thus encouraged soon revived again.

' Why really, Sir, this service in the Line,

' At home we reckon to be monstrous fine;

' But since I was Gazetted, I'll declare

' A single moment I've not had to spare.'

The Captain smil'd to see poor John so
sore,

And kindly said, ' You'll dine with me
at four :

' In the mean time, as things to you are
new,

‘ The Adjutant will tell you what to do.
 ‘ Here, Orderly ! step to the barrack-yard,
 ‘ And say I wish to speak with Mr. Ward.
 ‘ But cool yourself, and then your Billet
 seek ;

‘ I mean to keep you here at least a Week.’
 John’s heart was soft—thus taken by
 surprize,

He felt a sort of twinkling in his eyes ;
 He falter’d, stammer’d, felt himself dis-
 trest,

In vain his gratitude would have exprest ;
 When busy, bustling Ward attends his
 chief,

Broke up the conference, to John’s relief.
 Ward introduced, did Johnny kindly greet
 (His was a heart we do not often meet) ;
 Now arm in arm, they travell’d down the
 Stairs,

John found his spirits, and forgot his cares.

Tho' truly kind was Ward, yet be it known
He was himself a Sub in the King's Own.
A Billet¹ got, the Serjeant mark'd the
Door,

¹ At the commencement of the Campaign on the Peninsula, the Portuguese certainly treated the British Officers in the most generous manner,—voluntarily and hospitably received them into their Houses, and externally carried their liberality to great excess; giving up their most elegant Apartments, supplying them with a proportion of Plate, Linen, Fuel, and Wax Candles; but it is with regret that I am obliged to state that this indulgence and hospitality was, in many instances, scandalously abused, and the most ungentlemanlike, ungrateful, indecent, and ungenerous returns were often made. What was the consequence? So many complaints were made against the Officers for abusing their Billets, that a General Order was issued, stating the number of rooms each rank was entitled to, and restricting the *quantum* of Furniture to one Table, One Chair, and one Lamp, and an allowance of Oil for each Apartment, with the use of a Kitchen. The consequence follows, that whatever inconvenience, mortification, rudeness, or inhospitable treatment Officers have since experienced, results from the misconduct (I hope only comparatively) of a few. Circumstances in the outset may have imposed a sentiment on the Natives, perhaps rather foreign to their disposition; but the change of circumstances, and the conduct of our Officers, seem to have left a disposition in the Portuguese to treat us roughly, and to get rid of us altogether.

22 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF

They took a Boat, and brought the Trunks
on Shore.

‘ So now,’ says Ward, ‘ I always work by
rule,

‘ The first thing you must purchase is a
Mule ;

‘ And if you ’re flush of cash, why then, of
course,

‘ The next thing you must purchase is a
Horse.’

‘ A Servant have you got?’ John an-
swered, ‘ No.’

‘ Well, well,’ says Ward, ‘ there’s one I
think I know ;

‘ An honest fellow, who ’twixt you and me,

‘ Is just the sort of Man, you will agree.

‘ A D——n’d good Fellow, but I rather
think,

‘ He now, and then, will take a drop of
drink ;

‘ But otherwise, good - humour’d, sharp,
and civil,

‘ John Bull will drink, but fight like any
Devil;—

‘ Paddy, and Sawney Scot are just the
same—

‘ Here, Serjeant, tell me what’s the
Fellow’s name?

‘ ’Tis Teague O’Connor, him I recommend,

‘ He’ll suit you famously, my worthy
Friend.’

So Teague was then install’d Valet, and
Groom,

And sent to set to rights his Master’s Room.

As dinner-time approach’d, Ward bid
him stay,

He’d home to dress, and take him on his
way ;

And John, rigg’d out in his Best Coat and
Feather,

24 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF

Waited for Ward, and off they went together.

The Commandant, with every wish to please,

Scouted those chilling forms that banish'd ease ;

Tho' plac'd in Power, Dignity, and Trust,
Was kind to all, and to the Service Just.

The dinner o'er, the festive glass did flow,
John found himself a little queer or so ;

Felt too, a sort of swimming in his head,
So stole away, resolved to go to bed.

When oft to write a Book we undertake,
If from the subject we a circuit make,
Some apt allusions may our minds engage,
Perchance for profit, to swell out our Page ;
The little I may venture to intrude,

I introduce, by way of Interlude.

Your mercy then, good Critics, I entreat,
Mine is a sort of stuffing to my Meat ;

Something of Foreign matter I must tell,
Or this my tale will not go down so well.
In every Country there are customs known,
Which they preserve exclusively their
own.¹

The Portuguese, by some odd whims
infected,

¹ The opening of the Odoriferous Sluices generally commences about 9 o'clock P.M. and continues, without intermission, for about two hours, and woe to those unfortunates whose business, or pleasure, leads them forth during this display of Portuguese cleanliness !

There are certain regulations respecting this filthy outrage, such as requiring those people to call out three times, by way of warning the Foot-passenger of his danger, and the offenders are likewise liable to be called to some sort of reckoning ; but the Laws, and the administration of the Laws, are altogether so defective, that it is very difficult to get redress, in cases in which robbery, or even murder, have been committed. Nay, I this moment see a Villain at large, who, without receiving any offence, but what he chose to consider one, on a young Officer's looking at a Girl, actually followed him, and struck him from behind with a stick so heavily as to brake his arm. The fellow was taken up, and evidences produced, proving the fact : but he is protected by his master (a fidalgo, *i.e.* a gentleman), and at this moment insolently stares a British officer in the face.

26 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF
Have Cloacina's temple quite rejected ;
How they arrange *their Worship*, we shall
know,

By the disaster that befel our Beau.
Our Hero gaily sporting out a Song,
And cutting angles as he glid along,
Some Damsel, heedlessly, from upper floor,
Pandora's incense on his head did pour.
Drench'd, buffeted, he had no time to think,
Saluted by a compound of such Stink ;
Smother'd all over by the filthy souse,
He reach'd his heart up, ere he reach'd
his House.

Teague, by his Master's nasty figure
struck,
Dryly, ' He wished him joy of his good
luck' ;

Then seiz'd a Tub, and with assiduous care,
With water wash'd the ordure from his
hair.

‘ Here, prythee, ease me of my Hat and
Coat ;

‘ O C——t ! the filthy stuff’s gone down
my throat.

‘ O curse them, and their beastly, D——n’d
emulsions ;

‘ O Lord ! my wretched guts are in con-
vulsions !

‘ Give me a Dram. ‘Od rot the nasty
Vixen,

‘ She’s ruined my best Coat, with her
d——n’d Mixen.’

Now scour’d, and sweeten’d, Johnny
whining said,

‘ O Teague, I’m horrid sick, shew me to
Bed.’

Teague spread the folded Blanket in a
crack,

And for a Pillow, placed his own Knap-
sack.

28 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF

Astonished John his Servant's conduct
viewing,

In trem'lous accents ask'd what he was
doing?

' O, no great matter, Sir,' replies O'Connor,

' I'm making up your Bed, an' plase your
honour.'

' A Bed for me!' says John, half chok'd
with rage,

Says Teague, 'You'll soundly sleep there,
I'll engage.'

Poor John, exhausted now, and sighing
deep,

In sadness stretch'd himself, and groan'd
to sleep.

Scarce had the Sun arose in all his glory,
Ere Johnny flew to Ward to tell his story.

' Alas! dear Ward, 'tis fact what now I
tell ye,

' My wretched bones are jumbled to a jelly.

' Then there's my best Reg'mentals all
bedevil'd

' By that D——n'd Stink-pot which at me
was levell'd.'

Ward felt an interest in his friend's behalf,
But for his soul could not restrain a laugh.
So bid him Breakfast, and forget his cares,
And then he'd try to manage his affairs.
So said, so done. ' And now,' says honest
Ward,

' If I can't set you right, it is D——n'd
hard':

' At B——'s Hotel you will get ev'ry
comfort,

' 'Tis true he'll make you pay a lumping
sum for 't.'

' O D——n the expence,' says John, ' 'tis
all as well';

So sent Teague, Trunks and all, to the
Hotel.

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With Teague, John went next day to buy
his stud,

A Mule¹ for baggage, and a bit of Blood.
Now see him in the Fair, with anxious
face,

Trying this Dobbin's metal, t' other's pace.

' I say, you Whiskers, what do you ask
for that ?

' A Horse you call it—much more like a
Rat.'

' *Noventa Dollars, Quienza Moidorés.*'

' How many Guineas, Mister?—what a
bore he's !'

¹ It was customary for the British Officers who came to Lisbon for the purpose of joining the army, to provide themselves with a Mule or two, to carry their baggage. The only convenient opportunity to make this purchase was at a sort of fair, held every Tuesday in the lower part of the town. There, Horses, Mules, and Donkeys were bought and sold ; and, as in all Markets, the price chiefly depended on the demand. The Portuguese Horse-dealer has all the avidity of an English jockey to pick your pocket, but they are not so *au fait* at the business. At this Fair, you buy or sell your Animal.

‘ No *Senhor*, no Guineas, *no Senhor*, *no say*.’

‘ Why how the Devil then am I to pay ?’

But getting Dollars, he the Dobbin bought,
When something passing, his attention
caught.

‘ Here, stop that Fellow, Teague, don’t
let him pass ;

‘ I say, you Quiz, what ask you for that
Ass ?’

‘ By Ja—s, Sir,’ says Teague, ‘ you ’re in
a wrong Key,

‘ It is a thumping Mule, and not a Donkey.’

The bargain is struck, the Money paid, and the contract
is indissoluble.

English Guineas, at that time, had no attraction.
The Dollar, or Moidure, was the medium ; but since the
Guineas have been introduced in payment of the Army,
the Portuguese seem to appreciate their value.

It was customary for Officers who wanted Cash to give
their Draft on some House in London, &c. &c. ; but it
was purchasing Money very expensively, giving at the
rate of six Shillings and Sixpence for a Dollar that
would bring only five Shillings ; thus losing eighteen-
pence on every five Shillings.

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‘What!’ retorts John, ‘do you think I am
a fool?’

‘What! don’t I know a Donkey from a
Mule?’

But Teague was right, and so his master
found,

And for the Beast, John offered Thirty
Pound.

‘No,’ says the Owner, ‘but perhaps you
will

‘Give Thirty-five, and I will take your Bill.’

‘My Bill,’ says John, ‘a match, Sir; it is
done,

‘To touch old Daddy’s pockets, no bad
fun.’

The Beasts thus bought, by Teague were
taken Home;

So having time, John thought he’d take
a roam.

Strolling along, he saw the Portuguese,

Instead of hand, return a hugging
squeeze.¹

What beasts! thinks John. I'm very
sure no true man

Would hug a Fellow, as we do loved
Woman;

In my dear country, Women are de-
lightful—

None here I've seen as yet, but what are
frightful.

Now Smith's Repository² came in view,
'Ah! ah!' says John, 'I've something
there to do.'

The stairs he quick ascended with a skip,
His eyes were first attracted by a Whip;

¹ The Portuguese greeting each other, embrace; a practice certainly strange to a Briton, and recollecting the effluvia of garlic, is horribly offensive.

² Messrs. Smith and Co. opened a Warehouse of English goods, where an Officer might suit himself (paying rather dearly) with every article of wearing apparel, and furniture for the animals, &c.

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For John observ'd a Whip was most
essential

To make a Martial Hero consequential.
For other matters he would then be
jobbing,

A bridle, and a saddle for his Dobbin,—
Canteens, Pack-saddle, and an oil-skin
Cloak ;

Smith wisely said, ' the Rain here is no
joke' ;

He then a small Portmanteau did propose:
' That thing,' says John, ' won't hold the
half my cloaths.'

' True, Sir,' said Smith, ' but you'll have
much to spare ;

' Of Forage you will get but half a share.'
Such are the Orders ; you may not have
seen 'em ;

Two Subs are but allow'd one Mule
between 'em.'

‘Is that the case?’ says John, ‘then there’s
some danger,

‘That my poor Beasts must live upon the
Manger.¹

‘No matter, ’gad I’ll keep them while I
can,

‘And when I join, I then can change my
plan.’

So every thing being purchased to his will,
He settled all by draft on Ludgate Hill.

This day to bus’ness he did give up solely,
And went to buy his Stock from Cavigole.²

¹ The scarcity of forage rendered it necessary to curtail the quantity of animals allowed for the use of the army. This fell somewhat hard on Subaltern Officers, who were obliged so to contract their baggage as to deprive themselves of many articles actually necessary to their convenience. That something to wear—something to sleep on—something to eat—and something to cook with—were really necessary for existence; and only one miserable animal was allowed to carry what was so essential for two Subaltern Officers; but it was unfortunately the case.

² Senhor Cavigole, as well as many others, Misters and Senhors, kept shops replete with stores of all sorts,

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'Pray, Sir,' says John, 'do you sell Hams,
and Cheese?'

'*Si Senhor*, I do sell all vat you please ;
'Biscuits, & Porter, Tongues, Hollands,
& Brandy.'

John crack'd his Whip, and swore 'twas all
the dandy.

'Tea, Sugar, Salt, and vat of all most nice is,
'Pickles and Soda, good Segars and
Spices.'

'Well said, my Hearty! now I'll tell you
what,

'Pack some of all, but in a separate lot.'

John now another Draft on Daddy drew,
Gave his address and off to Belem flew.

which they sold at a very high price, but with which officers knew they must be supplied; for the hungry French had deprived the Portuguese of that little they possessed; and it did happen, and not unfrequently, that divisions had been so scantily supplied with rations, that even a private soldier has been known to give a Dollar for one biscuit, and glad to satisfy his hunger at that enormous rate.



Johnny Newcome going to lay in Stock.

His time now pass'd with pleasure, and
delight,

Loitering all day, and getting drunk at
night.

In scenes like these, John found the week
had past,

And to his Reg'ment he must go at
last :

A Route receiv'd to travel off next Day,
And march to Sacavem without delay ;
And thus by daily journies was to go,
Until he reach'd the Santarem Depôt.

Next morn, on Dobbin, off friend Johnny
started ;

Teague led the Mule, and so they both
departed.

John's legs from Dobbin nearly scrap'd
the road,

The Mule close following, tott'ring 'neath
its load.

Poor Teague, esteem'd by all a hearty
fellow,

With parting Glass had got a little mellow:
A trifling failing here I must disclose,
Teague swore 'twas for the honour of his
Nose,

Whose lovely size, and colour, to his
thinking,
Could only be maintained by hearty
drinking.

Heedless he went, unmindful as he past,
The poor Mule stumbled, and the load
was cast.

'Thunder & Turf! are those your tricks?'
says Teague,

'What! tired you Spalpeen, and come
but a League!'

John now dismounted, and with horror
stood ;

They'd told him of Banditti in the Wood.

'O, Teague! dear Teague! as we are
only two,

'If the curst thieves should come, what
shall we do?'

'Thieves! is it thieves you fear, Sir, G—d
confound 'em!

'Teague and your Honour surely can
surround 'em;

'By Ja—s, I would bodder half a score.'

This check'd John's fears, who now did
him implore

To get the load upon the Mule once
more.

The job accomplish'd, he his Horse
bestrode,

And then with anxious look pursued his
Road.

As Sacavem came now full right in view,
He then enquired of Teague 'what he
should do?'

'You first must to the Jewish bend your
pace.'

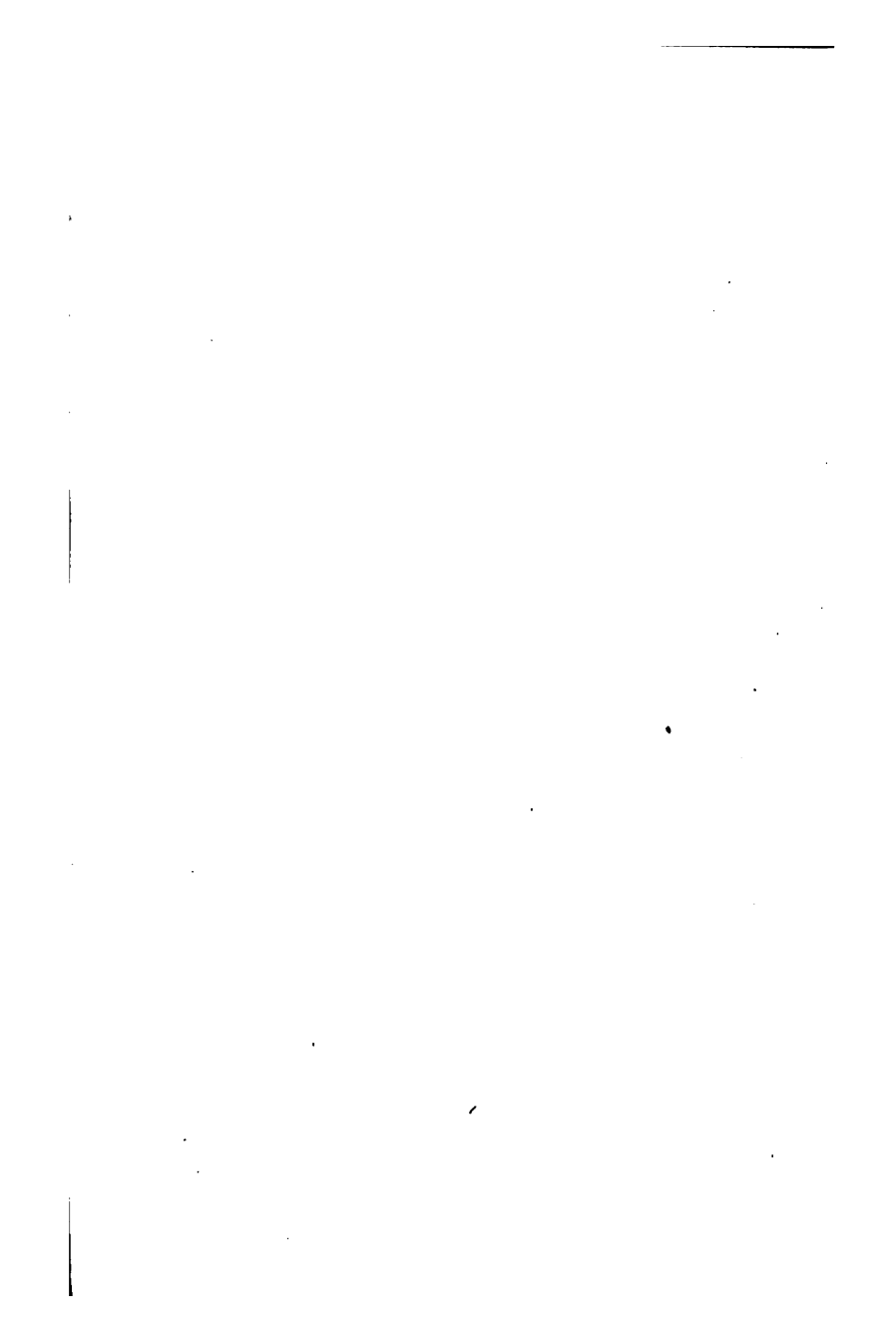
'Jewish!'¹ says John, 'why man, that's
at Duke's Place.'

'Tis him that sarves the Billet,' Teague
replies.

'O, well!' says John, and to the Juis hies.
The Billet² got, they travel to explore
For Rua Sacra, Casa, Number Four.
The House was found, but wanting Door
or Casement,

¹ The Juis de Fero is the Magistrate. The soldiers contracted the appellation to *Jewish*.

² The Subaltern Officers, in the Portuguese service, were taken from very humble situations, and of course are not treated by their countrymen with the distinction and respect which British Officers claim; consequently, where Quarters or Billets are disposed according to rank, the Portuguese Alfares, or Ensigns, are thrust into any wretched hovel, and, from the ignorance of the country magistrates, the British Subaltern Officers were not unfrequently treated with as little ceremony: many of them were billeted in the most wretched, filthy, miserable dwellings, which among a race of people so excessively nasty in themselves, rendered the officers particularly uncomfortable.





Getting into his Bullets.

'Is this the place?' says John in wild
amazement.

'Is it to such D——n'd sties as these
they send us?

'A pretty way they treat their Brave
Defenders!'

Entering, at length, he saw a squalid
Wench,

Begrimed with dirt, and luxury of stench;
Then, in a filthy room, and almost dark,
Three wretched women squatted round a
spark.

With out stretch'd hand his Billet he
presents,

And stopp'd his nose t' escape the beastly
scents.

A croaking voice exclaims, '*Aqui Senhor?*'

'A key!' says John, 'why, D——n me,
you've no Door.'

Teague, sober grown, now offer'd his advice,

'A Soldier, please your honour, mayn't be
nice.

'Because your honour must consider; as why,

'There's a good Roof between us and the
Sky :

'I'll first go out, and steal the Beasts some
Food,

'And then I'll cook your honour some-
thing good.'

Alas! poor John; he wanted consolation,

Wrapp'd in the misery of meditation ;

So bolting out in anguish to the Street,

A Sign¹ suspended did his optics greet ;

When in he rush'd, and to a room was led,

With Table, Chair, and something like a
Bed.

Now from his Canteen culled sufficient fare,

¹ Immediately in the vicinity of Lisbon, a person may contrive at the inns, or rather wine houses, to be somewhat better accommodated than at a Subaltern's billet.

The Brandy swallowed, and forgot his care,
In four days' time he reach'd the first Depôt,
And at the Commandant's himself did
show.

This was a Hero¹ great, who treated Subs
As little better than a pack of Scrubs.
Himself from Ranks had risen by his
merit,

But those advantages did not inherit
That in the best societies you find
Arising from a cultivated mind ;
Imperiously made all beneath him feel
His rod of Power and his wond'rous zeal,
'Here, Sir, you Ensign, mind, on no pretext
'Must you neglect to call day after next.
'There, get you gone ! for you I've nothing
more,'

And with his finger pointed to the Door.

¹ No disrespect is intended, but until one can 'make a Silk Purse of a Sow's ear,' we must be content to submit to the 'insolence of Office.'

John travelled out, repeating, 'Nothing
more !

'D——n me if e'er I met so rude a Bore !'
But by experience knew that to complain
Against such Brutal manners would be
vain.

Accustom'd now, he quickly stirr'd about,
First to obtain, then make his Billet out.
This settled to his heart's content,
That Day and Night he comfortably
spent ;

Next morning call'd, and so without delay,
To reach the next Dépôt he bent his Way.

END OF PART I

THE MILITARY ADVENTURES
OF
JOHNNY NEWCOME
PART II

THE MILITARY ADVENTURES
OF
JOHNNY NEWCOME

PART II

NOW once on their Way we see the Pair,
When John, as passing, did around him
stare ;

Though flat the Country, oft he got a peep
At the smooth Tagus in its mazy sweep ;
Whose Banks well covered by the richest
soil,
Yielding abundant Crops, with scanty
Toil.

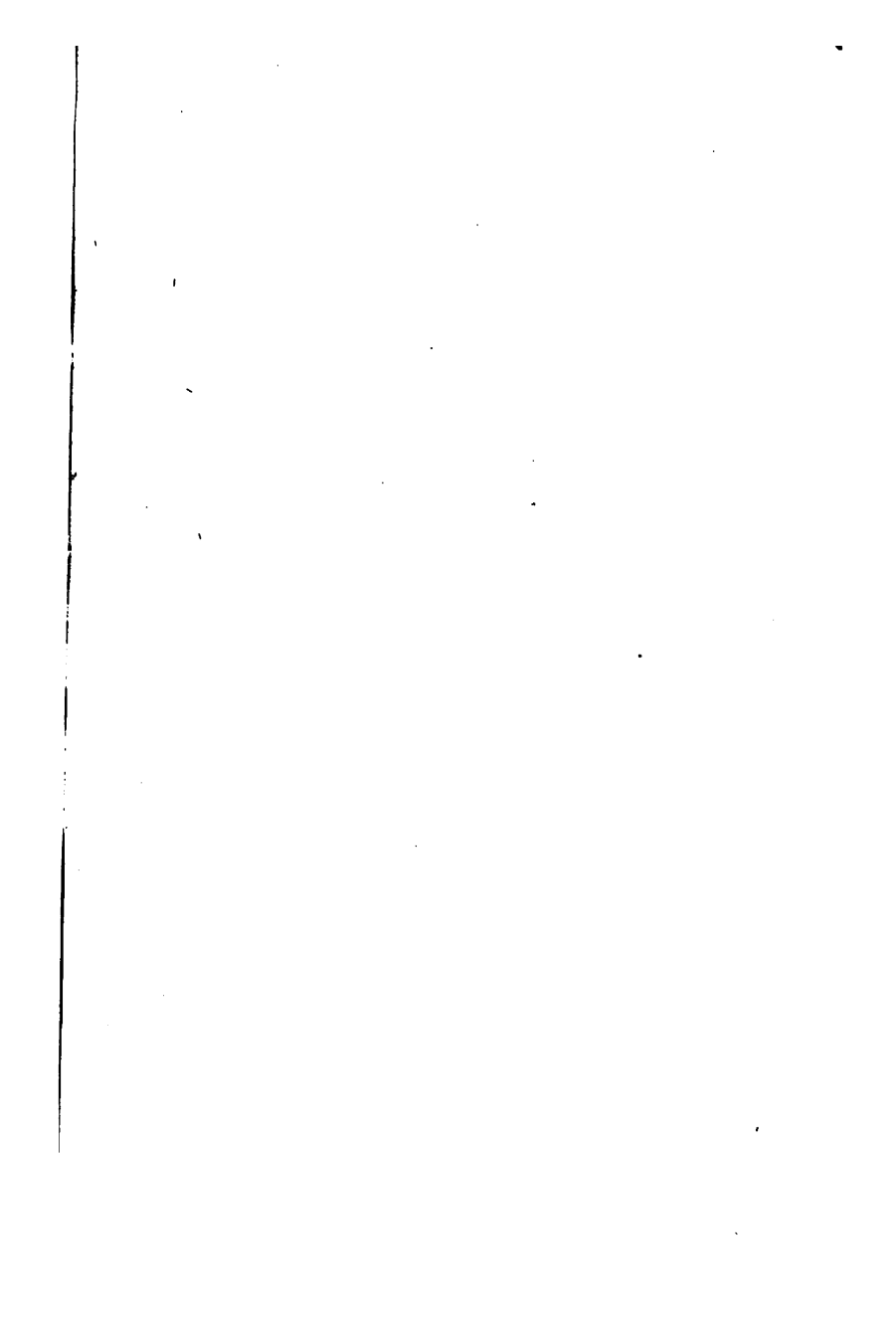
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'Tis a fine Country, Teague, one needs
must say,
' But thousands should not tempt me here
to stay.'
' I'd not live here,' says Teague, ' among
the Craters ;
' Give me dear Ireland, Whiskey and
Paraters.'

Thus time beguil'd in social chat was past,
When John reflected he'd not broke his
Fast.

When from the Road a narrow path he
took,
And gain'd a Rocky Bank, hard by a
Brook.

For now friend Sol had his meridian got—
John felt uneasy, 'twas so scorching hot.
With eager look a survey round he made,
To take advantage of some friendly Shade.





Taking his Breakfast.



Alas ! no friendly Bough would interpose
A shadow large enough to screen his nose,
So, near the spot at which his Dobbins
drank,

He crept beneath the shelving of the Bank ;
Whilst Teague, regardless of the Sultry
ray,

Unpack'd the load, and let the Dobbins
stray :

Then spread the Breakfast, which, to
John's relief,

Proved a good store of Biscuit, Ham, and
Beef.

John, now refresh'd, still closer in did creep,
With Brandy quench'd his thirst, and fell
asleep.

Teague hearing now his Master snore
profound,

With great composure squatted on the
ground ;

D

Then with the Brandy filled the largest
Cup—

‘Here’s to good luck!’ said he, then
drank it up.

Again replenish’d, down again it goes,—

‘And that’s,’ said Teague, ‘in honour of
my Nose.’

Another filled, Teague thought it mighty
clever,

Though last, not least, ’twas ‘Ireland for
ever.’

Then cast a look around, to see all right,
Fell on his back, and wish’d himself good
Night.

When now the Sun had three parts clear’d
his Course,

Teague started up, and look’d for Mule
and Horse;

Pack’d up and loaded, and with gentle
stroke,

Touching his Master's shoulder, he
awoke;

' 'Tis time to March, Sir, and more cool
the weather.'

John was content, so off they went to-
gether;

Reach'd Gallega that night; Punhete
next day.

Poor John knock'd up, began to curse the
Way.

' Such Bl—st—d Roads will make a
Fellow crazy!'

' O plase you, Sir,' said Teague, 'do just
be asy;

' By Ja—s 'tis a turnpike, let me tell ye,

' To what you'll meet with at that Villa
Velhe.'

John interrupted Teague in his Oration,
To know, was not Abrantes the next
Station?

‘Faith, and it is,’ said Teague, ‘there is
no doubt ;

‘Is it not mintoned in your Honour’s
Route?’

‘O! D——n the Route,’ said John; ‘I
want to know,

‘I’m so curst tired, how far we have to go!’

Abrantes Castle now came full in sight,

Much to John’s consolation and delight.

A T——r was its Juiz; as folk say,

If not belied, and in the Frenchman’s pay,

A Brutish Coxcomb—rough, and most
uncivil,

Who slily wish’d our Army at the Devil;

On all occasions, it was his delight,

On British Officers to vent his spite;

Kept John, with Teague and Baggage, at
his Door,

Kicking their heels for full three hours
and more.

John fumed and fretted—but 'twas all in
vain ;

Till tired to death, his Billet did obtain.

But such a filthy, loathsome, beastly Hut
Mud walls, Mud floor, besmear'd with
Slime & Smut !

' O L—d ! ' says John, ' pray how shall
I contrive,

' In this D——n'd hole, to keep myself
alive ? '

A half-starved Taylor, vamping up old
breeches,

Cried, '*Viva, Senhor !*' and pursu'd his
stitches.

' *Viver !*' said John, ' O G—d confound
your "*viver*,"

' This horrid place will put me in a
Fever.'

Then with Grimaces, Sighs, and Groans,
and Shrugs,

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Explor'd this den of Lice, and Fleas, and
Bugs.

It is a fact well known, the Portuguese
Cherish voluptuously both Lice and Fleas ;
Some Bramin-like, are influenc'd by Piety,
But mostly for Amusement, and Society ;
For Females oft in parties will carouse,
Scratching each other's Heads, t' entrap
a Louse,

Whilst on their skins, the Fleas will Skip,
& Scramble,

And wanton Lice through all their ringlets
ramble.

Not that these Gamesome Merriments we
find,

As in some Countries, to the Poor confin'd;
Here does their influence undisputed
Reign,

From Courtly Nobles, to the humble
Swain.

But to resume, poor John, as it was late,
Sadly submitted to his wretched fate ;
Rejected Food, on Canteens stretch'd he
lay,
And sullen watch'd for the returning
Day.
Teague fed his Animals, then took his
Dose,
And soon resign'd himself to his repose.
Restless poor John now pass'd the tedious
Night,
Each minute starting from a greedy Bite ;
With outstretch'd neck, his eyes he cast
aloof,
Reliev'd at length by Day-light through
the Roof,
Set Teague to work, and so without
delay,
Saddled his Dobbins, and went on his
way.

Now eagerly he sniffed the fragrant Gale,
The Tagus crossed, and travell'd in the
Dale.

Govina, Niza, now left in their Rear,
When Dóbbin stopped, and bristled up
with fear.

'God rot the beast!' says John in some
amaze,

Rose in his stirrups, and did round him
gaze :

A sight beheld, that gave his nerves a
shock,

A mangled human Body on the Rock.¹

¹ It was shocking to behold the number of dead bodies (chiefly of the French Army) with which the Highway was crowded.—They were in a horribly disgusting state of Nudity, and half devoured by Wolves, and Birds. The Armies had no time to bury the Dead, and the Inhabitants were either too indolent, or for some other reason neglected to do it. But to such a state of Barbarism had the natives of Portugal and Spain attained, that Boys and Girls have been seen throwing human heads at each other, by way of amusement ; and a little Urchin, ten years old, Servant to an

Transfix'd, he stared with horror and
affright,

And roared to hasten Teague with all his
might.

Teague unconcerned, with shrug of non-
chalance,

Said, 'O, by Ja—s! 'you'll ne'er get to
France!

'He's a Frenchman, Master, that lies
sprawling,

'The Wolves have given him a pretty
mauling.'

'What, Teague,' said John, who felt
another dread,

'Is't Wolves that have upon this Carcase
fed?'

Officer, was heard frequently to boast, after the Battle of Salamanca, of having stolen sliely on the wounded Frenchmen, struck them on the head with a Stone, in order, if possible, to kill, for the purpose of plundering them.

Again with horror did around him peer ;
 ' Won't they attack us, Teague?' they
 must be near.
 ' Attack,' says Teague, ' your honour need
 not fright ;
 ' If we were dead, and Travelling here,
 they might.'

John tired, and anxious, now began to
 grumble,
 The cursed, rugged Road, made Dobbin
 stumble ;
 Some sad mishap his senses now fore-
 bodes,
 When Teague exclaims, ' These are the
 Devils own Roads !'
 Now from a Cliff they view'd a Gulph
 below,
 Where Tagus sternly midst the Rocks
 did flow,

A narrow path they follow'd, jam'd with
stones,

John, Dobbin led, and trembled for his
bones :

Scrambling, & straggling, step from Ridge
to Ridge ;

At length, the danger passed, they reach'd
the Bridge.

Now on their Route we find them each
day gaining,

But, wearied out, poor Johnny ceas'd
complaining ;

Grown used to suffer Insolence and
Pillage

In every beastly town and dirty Village ;
To see Religion made the tool of Knaves ;
To crush morality, and nourish Slaves.

As now to Salamanca near John drew,
Pleas'd that to Portugal he'd bid adieu,

Was told to hasten—there might be a
Fight,

The Hostile foes were in each other's sight:
With British ardour thrilling thro' each
vein ;

Urged by an impulse nothing could
restrain.

John's soul was meek, but he felt in truth
With all the bashful modesty of Youth ;
From his blest native Soil he did inherit
A bold, determined mind, and active spirit ;
Nought could his zealous energy oppose,
He'd join his Reg'ment, and he'd face its
Foes—

Boldly push'd on to share in the Attack,
And found the brave King's Own in
Bivouac.¹

¹ The Army, not having tents, were obliged to lay out exposed to the Weather.

All here to John appear'd both strange,
and new,

He knew not what to say, nor what to do ;
Which way to turn, nor whom he should
accost,—

Poor John amidst the motley Crew was
lost.

Here groupes of Soldiers, in light converse
stood,

Some he saw cooking, others fetching
Wood.

And here, and there, were seen a huddled
heap,

In spite of scorching Sun, all fast asleep.

And now a crowd of Officers he sees,

On Rocky fragments sitting at their ease.

John went to seek the Officer Com-
manding:

An Officer replied, 'Sir, there he's
standing.'

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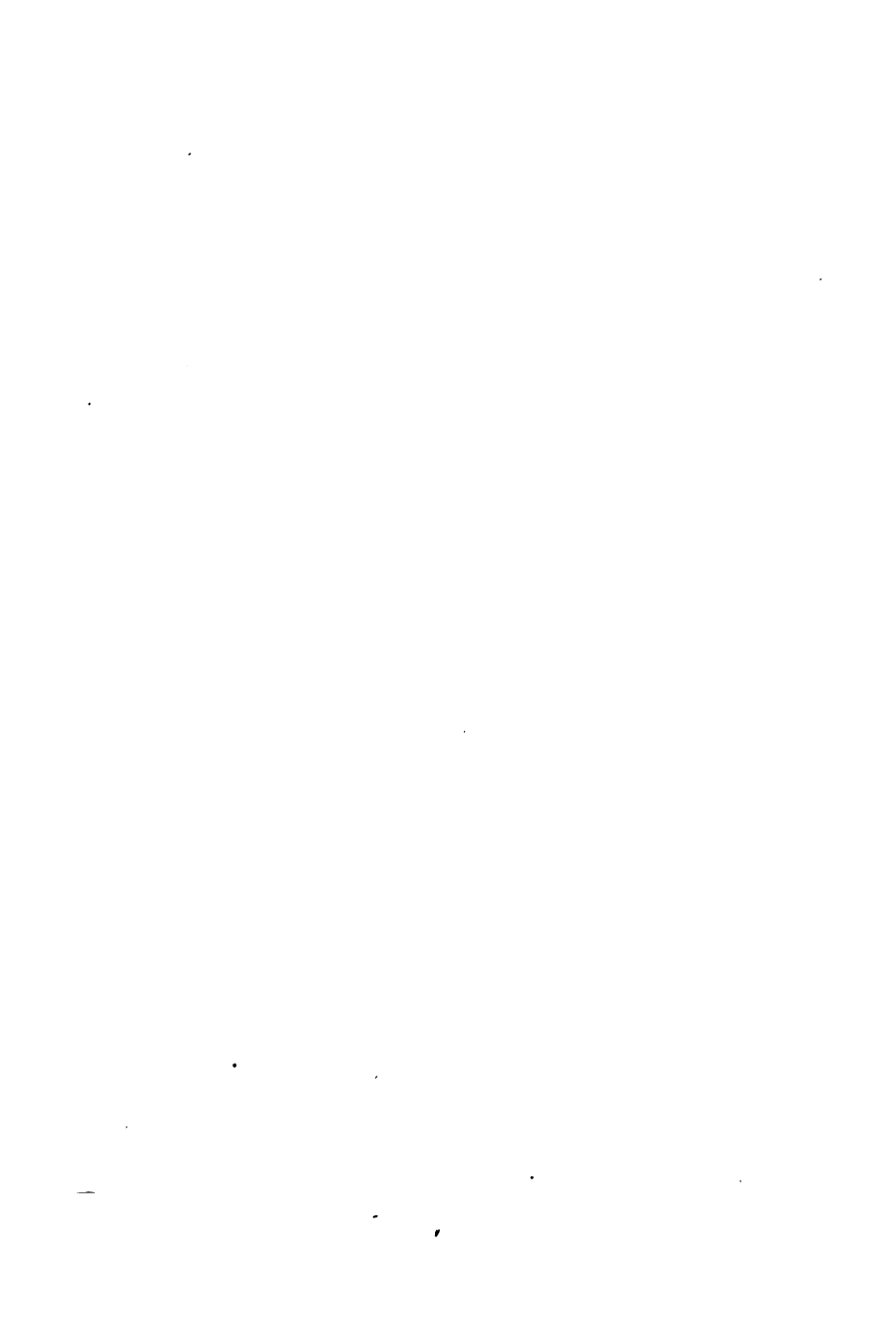
John now with modesty reveal'd his
Name,
Told him the Rank he held, and how he
came.

The Officer his aid now friendly lent
him,
Proposing to the Colonel to present him.
To this John readily gave his assent,
And arm in arm they sociably went.
Arriv'd, the Officer first stepped before,
'This, Sir, is Ensign *Newcome*, of our
Corps.'
'I'm very glad to see you, Mr. *Newcome* ;
'Tis charming weather : pray from whence
do you come ?'
'Uncommon hot, Sir ! but I push'd my
Cattle,
'In hopes I should in time be for the
Battle.'



Introduced to his Colonel.





‘O! you’re in famous time, you need not
fear:

‘But you must send your Baggage to the
Rear.’

‘The Devil!’ quoth John, ‘this is a queer
beginning,

‘So sweating Hot, and not a change of
Linen.’

And then in modest accents did intreat,
He might reserve his Canteens and his
Meat.¹

¹ In consequence of the difficulty of transporting Baggage, and from other causes, a Regiment on active Service in the Peninsula, could not keep up a regular Mess, as in England. Each Officer was obliged to manage for himself. They were generally divided in mess-parties of twos and threes. This greatly incommoded the Subaltern Officer: allowed only the carriage of half an Animal, it was not possible to admit, for the purpose of having eatables, any addition to his share of Baggage. The mere Ration was all that could be carried, with a Camp-kettle for culinary purposes. Besides, we must recollect the difficulty of obtaining extra articles, and also the want of Money: so that the bit of Beef, and the portion of Biscuit, was the general fare for at least two-thirds of the Officers, with a small

'By no means, Sir, just now, we Sons of
 Mars,
 'Are glad to live on Brandy and Segars.
 'In anxious times like these, it is our plan,
 'To satisfy our hunger as we can ;
 'The Ground our Bed, where we contented
 lie,
 'Nought interposes 'twixt us and the Sky.
 'We first must drub yon Saucy Vapouring
 Elves,
 'Then get our Baggage, and enjoy our-
 selves.'

allowance of Ration, Rum, and Wine (generally execrable stuff) : the prime luxury was a drop of Brandy and a Segar.

With respect to the article of dress, the contents of a very small Portmanteau was all that could be taken, and, if an Officer wore out, or lost his Regimental Jacket, his great Coat was the substitute. As for waistcoats, they were as fancy directed, but generally black, blue, or green, of either silk or velvet.

An enormous pair of Mustachios and Whiskers were frequently seen to protrude from the delicate countenances of some of our Bond Street Beaux.

John listen'd, scrap'd, and bow'd, and then
retir'd :

(Not that the Colonel's speech he much
admir'd.)

' Come,' said his Friend, ' cheer up, & don't
be glum.

' I've got a Biscuit, and a little Rum.

' No,no,' said John, ' I'll from my Canteens
borrow,

' We'll feast to-day, altho' we starve to-
morrow.

' Then hand out, Teague, whatever is to
spare,

' And let us all the Prog amongst us share.

Now see him careless stretch'd upon the
ground,

Viewing with silent wonder all around.

His brother Officers so oddly drest,

Their ragged Jacket, and their purple Vest;

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Reg'mental Great Coats, batter'd, bare,
and old ;

And Forage Caps that once were blue,
and gold.

Shirts of whose proper colour were no
trace.

Mustachios, Whiskers, that disguised their
face.

Yet all was lively, frolicsome, and gay,
Full of their laughter—full of fun and
play.

And now John's Hams and Tongues were
all paraded,

And by his hungry Friends were soon
invaded ;

The flowing Cup they to each other
bandy,

They ate his Prog, and drank up all his
Brandy.

In course of conversation there arose
A question, as to number of their Foes.
One said there's Twenty Thousand;
 others swore
There were, they thought, *at least* as many
 more :
As many more at least they would
 maintain—
Look at their Columns stretching o'er the
 Plain.
John started up, astonish'd to descry
The Hostile Army just below them lie.
'O bless my heart!' said John, 'what lots
 of Foes,
They're scattered all about as thick as
 Crows.'
He view'd them with a keen, astonish'd
 eye,
Felt rather queer to find they were so
 nigh.

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But snugly kept his thoughts within his
breast,
Fearful they'd turn his ignorance to jest.

Now evening closed, and cast a silent
gloom ;
'Come,' says his friend, 'lay down, we'll
make you room :
' Here take this Blanket, and beneath you
spread,
' And here's a Stone, as Pillow for your
Head.'

John thankfully conformed to his advice,
And, like the rest, was snoring in a trice.

Now the bold Leader of each Hostile Band,
Manœuvred for the 'vantage of the Land.
At length great Wellington, with his Allies,
Completely took the Frenchmen by
surprise,—

Boldly descended in the midst of Day,
Attack'd the French as they supinely lay ;
His Light troops skirmishing, began the
Battle,

Then thundering Cannon thro' the Ranks
did rattle.

Divisions to Divisions then oppose,
But British valour soon overwhelm'd its
Foes.

Then burst the Cavalry with heroic speed,
Charging their Squares, and every where
succeed.

Beat at all points, the dastard Frenchmen
yield,

Trust all to flight, and scamper from the
Field.

Thus the brave British, German, Portu-
guese,

Fought, Conquer'd, Triumph'd at th'
Arepiles ;

70 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF

And I, to deck my story, fain would sing,
How all the Salamanca Bells did ring ;
How Peasants unconcerned, th' ensuing
Day.

Plough'd thro' the honour'd soil where
Heroes lay.

But no—content I'll to my story keep,
And so return to John I left asleep ;
Who, wrapt in slumber, care forgetting, lies,
The Long roll Beat—he started, rubb'd his
eyes.

' Why, what's the matter?—surely it is
dark.'

' Aye,' says his friend, ' we rise before the
Lark.

' Our Orders are to fall in every Morn,
' And stand to Arms an hour before the
Dawn ;

' Come, rouse my honest Fellow, don't be
slack,

‘ At break of day the Frenchmen may
attack.’

John rose, but grumbled out, ‘ If I ’d been
told,

‘ They ’d start me up thus shivering in the
Cold ;

‘ To go Campaigning, I would ne’er been
led.

‘ But stuck to my own Corps, and Feather-
Bed.

The Adjutant did now friend Johnny fix,
To Captain Bull’s division, Number Six ;
In Captain Buckett’s company, when ‘ Lo ! ’
Says John, ‘ I think I Captain Buckett
know ;

‘ His uncle’s Tub the Brewer, I’ve no
doubt,—

‘ Old Buckett lives in Faringdon Without.’
Soon recogniz’d—the Morn began to break ;
His Captain begg’d he’d half a biscuit take :

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‘ Eat it, my boy, and mind what I shall say,

‘ I’m sure we shall have pepp’ring work to

Day ;

‘ And drink this Rum, for I’m apt to think

‘ We shall have more to do than eat and

drink.’

And he was right ; in truth they soon did

hear—

A sort of busy Hum came from the Rear.

An Order from the General, to say,

‘ The Column was to move without delay.’

John to his Captain stuck, but was

perplex’d

To think of what the deuce was coming

next.

Now for three hours they March’d with

steady pace,

Till they descended to the Mountain’s

base.

The Column halted—stood in close Array ;
The Light Troops forward push'd to feel
the way.

The Muskets' prittle prattle soon com-
mences,

Along the Front, from Ditches, Walls,
and Fences.

Now, 'scaping from a distant patch of
Smoke,

Shells from the Frenchmen's Mortars
round them broke.

And now their Field-Guns at the Column
aiming,

Shot, after Shot, in peals of thunder
coming.

When John this skirmishing did first
behold,

He thought the Little Light bobs
desperate bold.

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But when stray Bullets whistled by his
Ear,

John rather shrunk—but 'twas not done
through fear ;

'Twas his first trial, he could not disguise
A natural impulse, taken by surprise.
Now Bullets, Balls, and Shells around them
flew,

As to th' embattled Foe they nearer drew.
Now to its Right the Column did incline,—
Gain'd its Position, forming into Line ;
With slow, but bold, intrepid pace, advance
Amidst the Volleys of the Troops of
France.

The Battle soon with death-like fury rag'd.
John's mind, his Eye, his every thought
engag'd.

Around him Slaughter dwelt with ruthless
Blow,
And Heroes' blood did in sad torrents flow,

When Johnny suddenly receiv'd command,
He in his Captain's place should take his
stand.

Struck by the fragments of a Broken Shell,
Fighting his country's cause, the Hero fell.
Undaunted, undismayed, our gallant John
Took the Command, and bravely led them
on.

And now by British valour close assail'd
(For British valour every where pre-
vail'd),

Three piercing shouts their Hostile Bands
invade,

When desperately the British charge was
made.

O'erthrown, disorder'd, down their arms
they threw,

Whilst British Victors every where pursue.
Thousands lay drench'd in gore upon the
plain,

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Thousands led Captive in the Conqueror's
train.

The Battle o'er, the foe now put to flight,
Chac'd by the Victors till the close of
night.

The Gallant Bands to neighbouring
heights retire,

In groupes collected, nestle round the Fire ;
The conflicts of the day by turns relate,—
Count o'er the slaughtered, and lament
their fate.

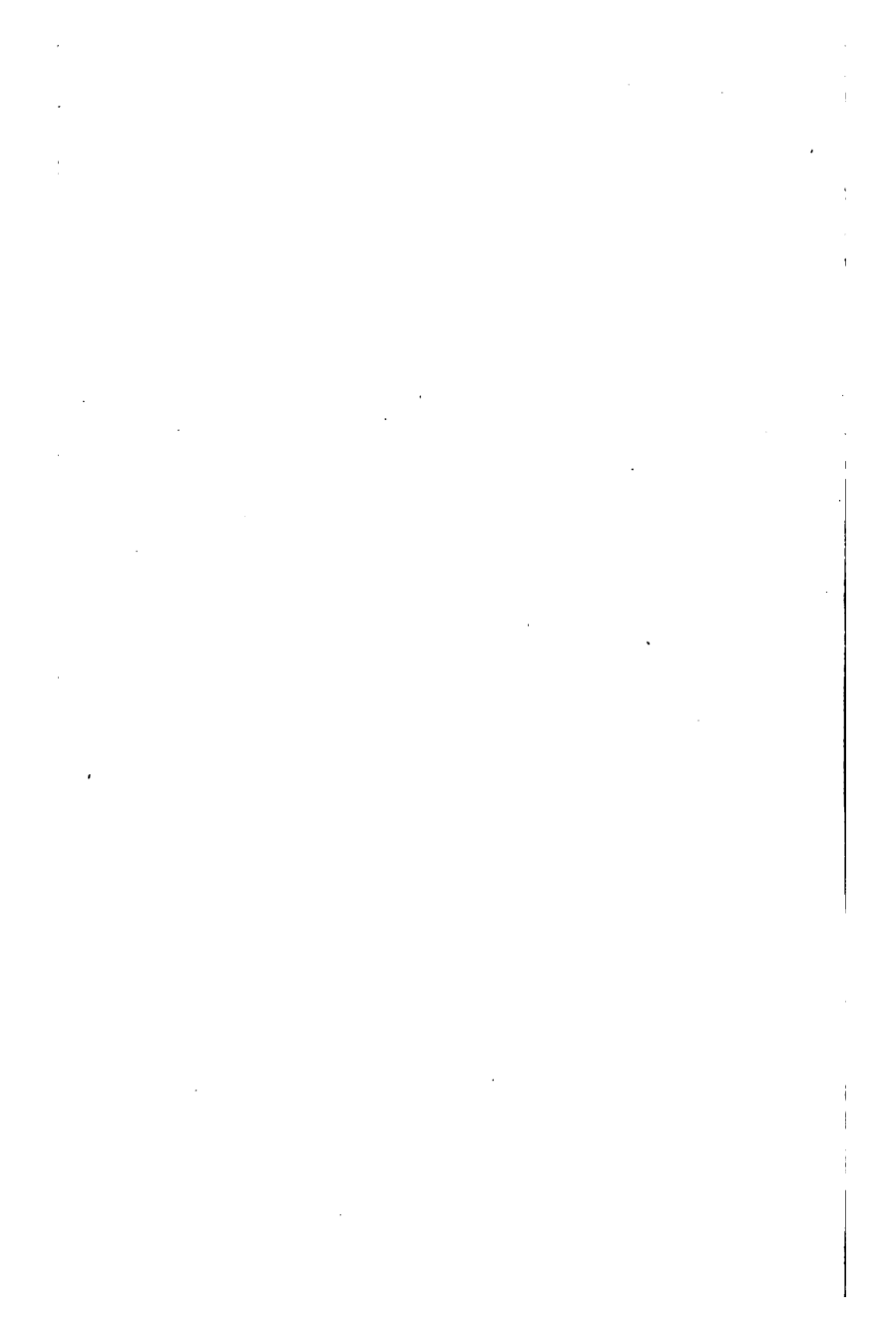
Stretch'd on the ground, they lay in sound
repose,

Nor rous'd from slumber, till the Sun arose.
With melancholy zeal John bent his way
To seek the spot where his brave Captain
lay—

Fain would I stop, but truth I must impart,
And spread a gloom o'er every British
heart ;



Smells powder for the first time.



As slow his searching eye survey'd the
ground,

Bestrew'd with Mangled Carcases around,
He saw, when speechless, horror-struck he
stood,

The naked Body weltering in its Blood.¹

' Alas!' says John, with indignation heated,

' Is this the way a gallant Hero's treated?'

And now the Body to the earth he gave,

And with a friendly tear bedew'd the

Grave.

When Johnny did a Letter home Indite,

To tell his mother all about the Fight.

¹ For the purpose of getting Liquor, the invincible British Soldier will commit every species of depredation: he will rob a House, plunder a Church, steal from his Comrade, and strip his own Officer in the midst of death and slaughter. Instances are known, and too frequently have they occurred, of Scoundrels having, under pretence of aiding a wounded Officer, rifled and stripped him of his apparel; and all this was effected before death had sealed his doom—before his gallant spirit, that through Life had led them to victory, or protected them in Retreat, had quitted its earthly Mansion!

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‘ Dear Mother,

‘ In few words I will contrive

‘ To let you know that I am safe alive.

‘ I know, dear Mother, it will give you
joy—

‘ The Colonel said, I was a gallant Boy.

‘ But truly, Mother, my poor pen can’t
tell

‘ How we were Pepper’d by the Shots and
Shell.

‘ Poor Buckett too, you know, old Buckett’s
son,

‘ Was kill’d, and fell before we made them
run.

‘ And now, dear Mother, I’m sure for joy
you’ll cry,

‘ To know who led his Soldiers to the
charge? but I.

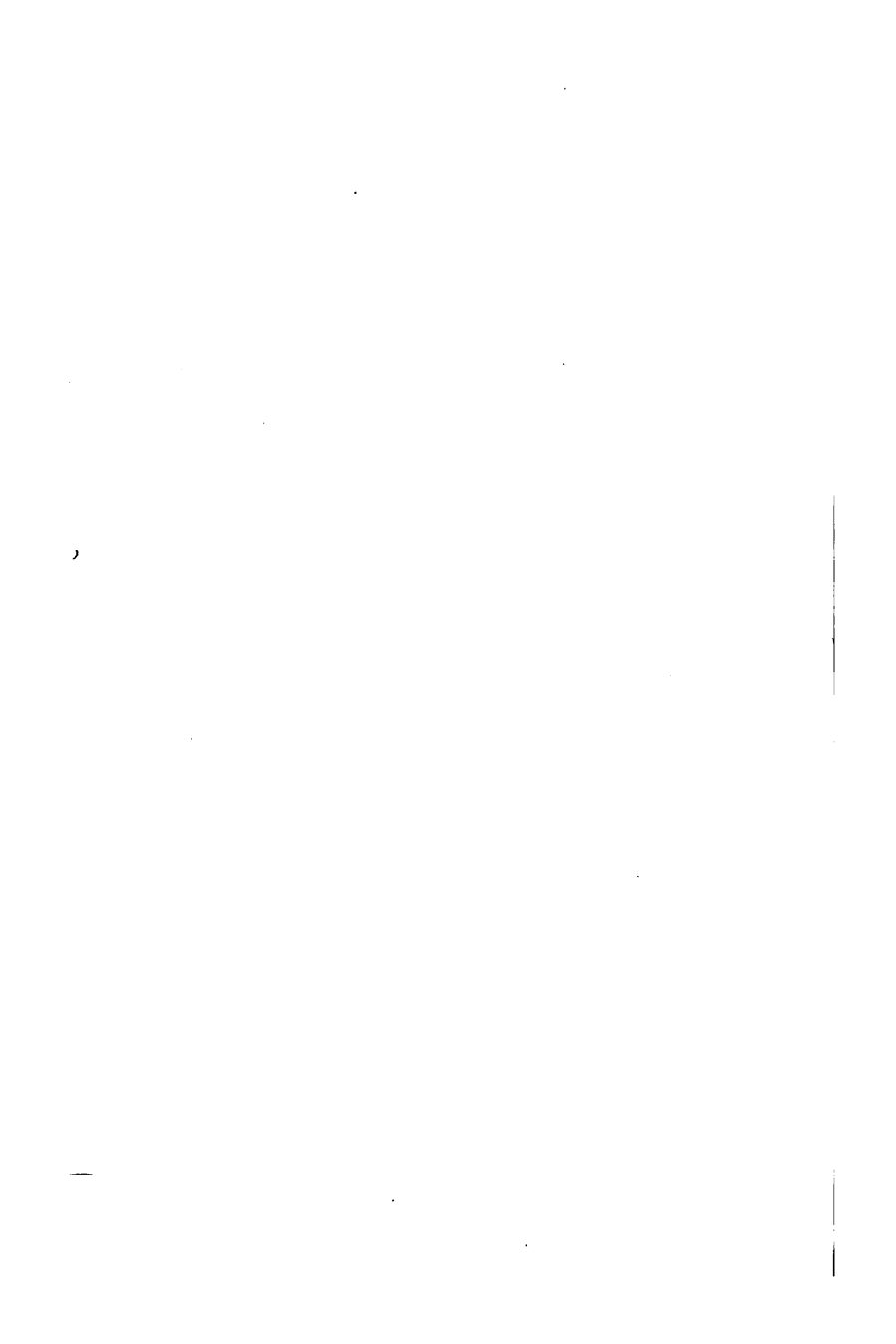
‘ Our glorious General too, he lives as hard

‘ As any Ticket Porter in our Ward.



Half Rations.







Job writes an account of the Affair to his Mother, which afterwards appears in the Star.

‘ But I’ve no time, though much I have to
say,
‘ We’re order’d to March off without
delay.
‘ I don’t know where to give you my
direction,
‘ So give my loving Father my affection.
‘ We shall have Peace, and then go home
again,
‘ So I most dutifully do remain,
‘ J. N.’

The Rations now arriv’d, each took his
share,
And eagerly devour’d the scanty Fare;
And scanty Fare it was, consisting chief
Of flinty Biscuit, tough, and stinking Beef,
Tho’ Teague’s report at first made John
look glum—
‘ ’Tis only half allowance, and no Rum.’

80 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF

' O Damn those Commissaries! what a
disaster,

' They've brought us down, you see, to
Lath & Plaster.

' But, "Vive la guerre," 'tis useless to
repine.'

So on they March, and in the pursuit join.
Now rapidly they on the vanquish'd prest,
Snatching at intervals a hasty rest.

Day after Day, and frequently all Night,
They speed to check the Frenchmen in
their flight :

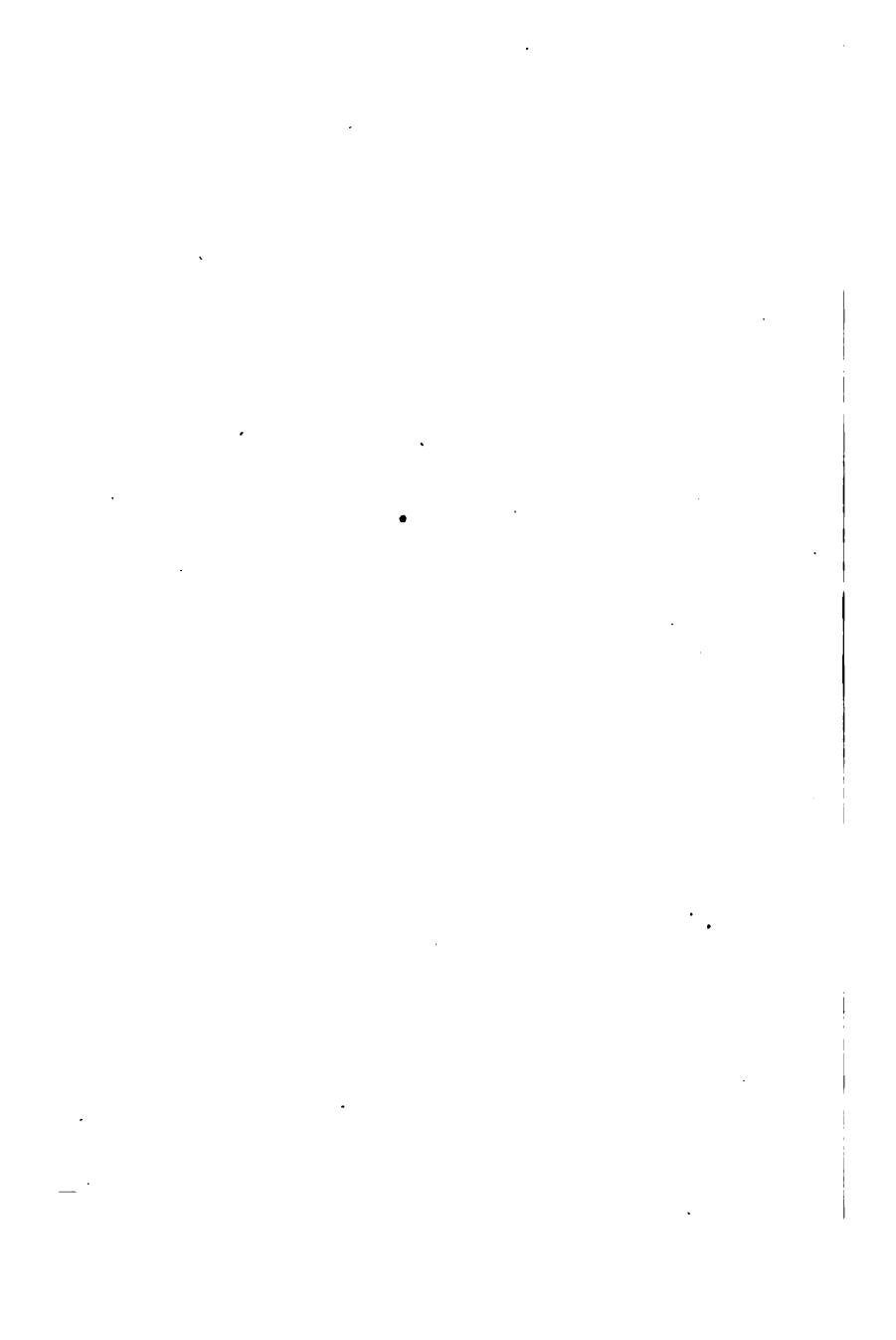
When luckily for John, an order came
To Halt—for John was wearied, & poor
Dobbin lame.

Close to Medina now their Stations took,
Amidst the standing Barley, near a Brook.
Knock'd up was John, his spirits quite
forsook him,

So to his Hospital the Doctor took him.



Learning to Smoke and drink Grog.



' Come cheer, my friend ; come rally and
be gay ;—

' I've got some Lads to Dine with me to-
day.'

John fain would rally, but was sick at
heart ;

Though at the dinner tried to play his
part.

' Come,' says the Doctor, ' here's Rum and
Segars ;

' This is the way we carry on our
Wars.

' Here, smoke, my boy, I know 'twill do
you good ;

' And try this Country wine, 'twill cool
your Blood.'

John smoked, & drank, & drank, & smoked
again,

But nought upon his Stomach would
remain.

His head turn'd round—he tried to gain
the door,

But miss'd his mark, and sp—d upon the
floor.

‘ O Ja—s,’ says a lively Irish Blade,

‘ I ne’er before saw such a grand Cascade.’

Holding his Nose, exclaim’d a chubbly
Lad,

‘ Give me some Rum, or I shall be as
bad.’

‘ True,’ says a third, and winking as he
spoke,

‘ Though well he stood the Fire, he can’t
the Smoke.’

‘ Aye,’ says the Doctor, sagely, ‘ it a fact is,

‘ Tobacco fumes corrode for want of
practice ;

‘ Coming in contact with the Mesentary,

‘ Sickness produce, and sometimes
Dysentery.’



Poor Johnny on the sick list.

'Aye,' says another, cramming up his
Snuff,

'One at a time, the Cascade's quite
enough.'

'Come, *Newcome*,' says the Doctor, 'once
more try ;

'Of this you'll get the better bye and bye.'
But now against the wall, John held his
head,

And drawling out, 'Ah, no ! I'm almost
dead.'

So, on a Blanket stretch'd, in wretched
plight,

And, parch'd with fever, groan'd away the
'Night.

Next morn the Doctor came, his Friend to
seek,

And found poor Johnny, feverish, and
weak.

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‘ Ah! Sir,’ says John, ‘it is to me quite
clear,

‘ That I’m a dead man, if they keep me
here.’

The Doctor felt his Pulse, and gave a
shrug ;

The Constitution could not stand the
Tug.

‘ Your health, poor *Newcome*, does so bad
appear,

‘ That I shall send you straightways to
the Rear.

‘ To Salamanca first, and when you’re
there,

‘ You will be ordered Home for change of
Air.

‘ The Board of Surgeons will, I’m well
assur’d,

‘ At once decide that here you can’t be
cured.’



Going Side to the Rear.



Next Morn, by times, John in a cart
was laid,
Follow'd by Teague, and to the Rear
convey'd ;
Dragg'd in the midst of Donkies, Mules,
and Carts,
With sick, and wounded, Johnny now
departs,—
Expos'd to jolting Roads, to Dust, and
Heat—
Expos'd for hours, in some vile Road or
Street ;
The livelong Day, no comfort, food, or
rest,
Waking all Night, by sad disease
opprest :
Around him anguish speaks in languid
tones,
And wounded Heroes, stifling in their
groans.

But from such dismal scenes I must
refrain,—

The dreadfull retrospect gives only pain,
As 'tis my wish, in this my humble
measure,

To give my gentle Reader only pleasure ;
Tho' in this story of one Vent'rous
Youth,

I give the truth, and nothing but the truth.

At length to Salamanca John was taken,
His mind afflicted; frame and body
shaken.

And once more Housed, in temporary
dose,

His worn-out, wearied Carcase sought
repose,

The Surgeons found, as Dissolution
border'd,

That he to England must straightways
be order'd.

By easy journies, (tho' estrang'd frōm
ease),

He once more travell'd in the land of
Fleas.

Onward was dragg'd o'er many a weary
League,

His only comfort left was honest Teague.
Silent and sad he lay, and scarcely spoke,
But '*Oh Patron, oh ! sparum, sparum poke.*'¹

' Oh, mind the Rascal, Teague, don't let
him spill me ;

' The horrid Brute I'm sure's resolv'd to
kill me.'

¹ In the Portuguese language various meanings are attached to the same term. For instance, 'Viva' is generally intended for, 'How do you do?' 'God bless you.'—'Rompi' is used 'to beat, to tear, to scratch, to plunder.'—'Patron' is 'the father of a family, the husband, the master.'—'Sparum,' 'stop, be quiet, be easy, have done.'—'Poke, from poco,' 'a little, directly, quietly.'

The Portuguese driver perfectly resembles the English wagoner ; except that the one is obstinate from stupidity, the other from insolence.

And, now when many a tedious Day had
past,

Half-dead at Lisbon, he arriv'd at last.

His piteous case was now by Teague
convey'd,

And in due form before the General laid.

A Fleet of Transports in the Tagus lay,

And was to Sail for England the next day.

The General kindly sent poor Johnny
word—

A Birth was order'd ; he might go on
Board ;

With kind indulgence, and which did him
honour,

Permission gave that he might take
O'Connor.

Teague's honest joy now kindled in his
heart,

When from his Master he was not to
part.

' He'd been his Friend, his Nurse, his
Consolation ;

' No braver Lad,' says Teague, ' lives in
the Nation ;

' I'll get him snug on Board, and then I
think,

' I'll to my Friends, and to take a hearty
drink.'

Now John by Teague was safely stow'd
on Board,

And Teague got staggering drunk to keep
his word.

Next morn by times, to Johnny's great
surprize,

Teague had a broken Nose, and two Black
Eyes.

Teague thought by some excuse to make
amends—

' I *tuck* a Drink, your Honour, with some
Friends.'

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‘ With Friends,’ said John, ‘ no, Teague,
you mean your Foes ;

‘ The Devil’s in’t, if Friends would break
your Nose.’

‘ Ah no, your Honour,’ says Teague, ‘ ’twas
Friends for *sartin*—

‘ We drank like Friends, *but had a fight
at parting.*’

‘ O! aye,’ said John, ‘ you Paddies like a
joke,

So friendly-like, you took a parting
Stroke.’

Blue Peter hoisted, and the Wind was fair ;
John much refresh’d inhal’d the saline air.
Stretch’d on the Deck, he oft did take his
Station,

His empty stomach offer’d no oblation :
His wand’ring thoughts would retro-
spective cast,

Dwelling on all the Scenes that he had
pass'd ;
And fancy oft would pleasurable roam
To his lov'd Parents, and his happy Home.

Now passing Ushant from the Bay of
Biscay,
' Don't I,' said Teague, ' smell Ireland &
Whiskey? '
' Why, Teague,' said John, ' I think we're
drawing near
' The coast of Ireland, that is called Cape
Clear.
' Here, take the Spy-Glass—look with all
your might.'
' I see't, by Ja—s, 'tis Clear out of sight.'
As to the Northward now the Wind did
veer,
They trimm'd the Sails, and up the
Channel steer ;

Smoothly they ran, and, by the Convoy
led,
They shortly cast their Anchor at Spit-
head.

Tho' weak was John, and trembled at
each joint,
He took a Boat, and landed at the point ;
Popp'd Teague and Baggage in a Chaise
and Four,
And quickly travell'd to his Father's Door.

The honest Grocer was in daily use,
When he had din'd, to take a quiet snooze ;
Whilst his good Dame, whose anxious
mind was fill'd
With dread her dearest Johnny might be
kill'd,
Sat pensively, lamenting her sad case—
In burst her Son, and flew to her
embrace :

She sigh'd, she sobb'd, and press'd him to
her breast,
And all the Mother's fondest love exprest.

The honest Grocer, waking in amaze,
Rubbing his eyes, did on our Hero gaze,—
' Why dang it now, do my old eyes tell
true?
' Is it my boy,—dear Johnny, is it you?
' When did you come? how got you leave,
my Boy?
' Zounds! I'm so glad, I can't contain
my joy!'

John now explain'd how England he did
reach;
Th' enraptur'd Parents hung upon his
speech.
His anxious Mother sadly now survey'd
The alteration that disease had made;

Saw his pale look, his sunk, and languid
Eye,

Then gently said (with a Maternal sigh),

‘ I see you’re ill, my Son, with pain, and
grief :

‘ What shall we do to give our John relief?’

‘ Ah, Dame! your slops and stuffs I see
no good in—

‘ Give him a belly-full of beef and pudding ;

‘ The Boy’s half-starv’d—o’drat that
cursed Spain :

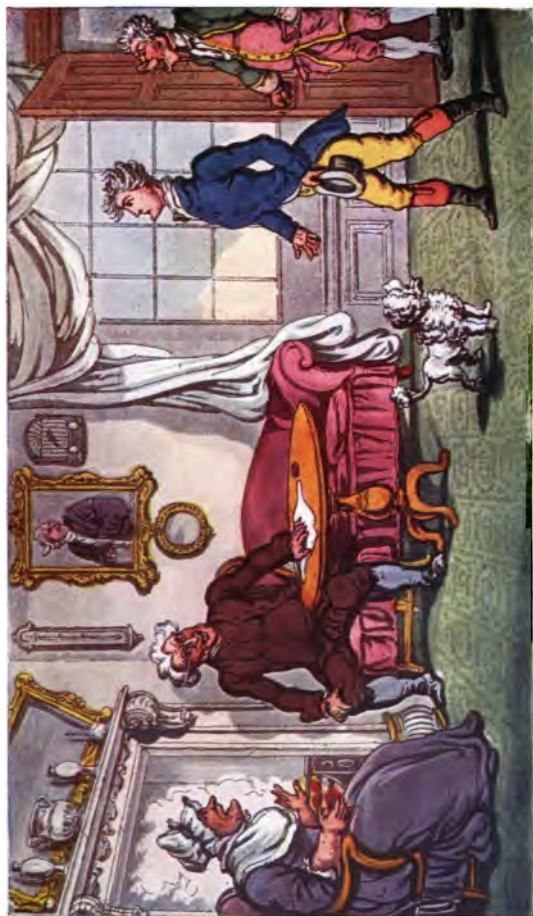
‘ Thank God! my child’s come back
alive again.’

Our John ’tween Dad and Mother took a
Chair,

And now more tranquil grew the happy
pair ;

Related what he’d seen, and how he felt

When first in action he the powder smelt :



Johnny safe returned to his Mama.



Then prattled on until old Dad was
yawning—

When tucked up by Mamma, he slept till
morning.

And now strange thoughts pervaded
Johnny's brain,—

He'd seen enough of Fighting, and of
Spain;

So, after dinner, with his honest Sire,
With good old Port, and near a blazing
Fire,

'I think,' says John, 'Campaigning is no
joke

'With us poor *Subs*, it only ends in
smoke :

'For my own part, I've got a sort of
notion,

'That I, by other means, may get
Promotion.'

‘ How’s that?’ says Dad, ‘ dear Johnny
don’t be rash.’

‘ Father, I mean by interest, or by Cash.’

‘ O aye, my Son, aye, now I think I take
you—

‘ If Cash will do’t, I’ll soon a Colonel
make you.’

‘ True, Sir,’ says John; ‘ when the Gazette
I read,

‘ There’s many by that way I see
succeed.’

‘ If that’s your way,’ again replies the Dad,

‘ I’ll soon promote you, never fear my lad.

‘ I’ll tell you what, dear John, since off
you ran,

‘ A Banker I’m become, and Alderman :

‘ And what’s still better, as you will agree,

‘ I represent the City, an M.P.’

‘ An M.P., dear Dad—that’s devilish well,

‘ Then I can now Campaign it in Pall Mall.’

‘ Campaign at Carlton House—is’t that
you say¹?’

‘ Aye, aye, dear Dad, you take me—that’s
the way.

¹ It is a *general observation*, ‘ that One Campaign at St. James’s is more efficacious in the attainment of promotion than half-a-dozen Campaigns in active service.’ Military observers can easily appreciate the justice of that remark.

The fact is, that had his Royal Highness, the Commander-in-Chief, the uncontrolled power in the guidance of the Army, Interest and Wealth would give place to Justice, Merit, and Desert.

I shall take the liberty to relate an anecdote which is of so recent a date, that a reference may be had to it without difficulty. Attached to Lord Wellington’s dispatches, relative to the victory of Vittoria, it pleased the higher powers to subjoin the names of certain Officers, with the promotion honourably granted to them, of course, and in consonance with the recommendation of the noble chiefs—so many Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels, so many Captains to be Majors.

Before I allude to this particular circumstance, and one which gives validity to the above ‘general observations,’ I beg to be understood, that in being obliged to bring forward this case as one in point, the Officer alluded to is universally esteemed; he is not only active, but intelligent: he stands high in the estimation of his superiors, for a knowledge of the duties of his profession, as well as zeal, and courage, in their performance.

This gentleman’s name was not introduced in the above

‘ Who gets Promotion now? tell me who hears?

‘ Do the poor Subs who’ve fought so many Years?

‘ A Captain, now and then, may make a shift

‘ By some odd accident to get a lift.

‘ I know a man¹ of whom ’tis truly said

promotion at the Tail of the dispatch. Some time afterwards we saw it in the Gazette, but in another class of name for the Brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel, and bearing date (I think on account of the action) the same day, *videlicet*, that of the 21st June. But we now observe this Officer’s name with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, his Commission bearing date the 2nd of June, by which he has been promoted; over whom? He, a young Major, over Lieutenant-Colonel O’Toole. I have not the honour to be acquainted with that gentleman, *but it is generally known that he has been in every action of the last three campaigns.* He has been promoted from a Company, to a Majority, and Lieutenant-Colonelcy for his meritorious conduct; in the last instance, for his gallantry at the Battle of Vittoria.

The Hussar Brigade came out in 1813; and all, I believe, that was ever known of their gallantry, was a little affair of cavalry on the 2nd of June, detailed to Lord Wellington in a flourishing letter from Colonel Grant.

¹ Lieutenant Dyas, of 51st Light Regiment.

- ‘ He bravely twice a Storming party led ;
‘ And Volunteer’d both times—now here ’s
the rub,
‘ THE GALLANT FELLOW STILL REMAINS
A SUB.’
‘ That ’s cruel hard, my boy, there is no
doubt,
‘ Enough to break a heart, tho’ e’er so stout ;
‘ But never mind, I ’VE CASH AT MY
COMMAND.’
‘ They ’ve touch’d it somewhere. Eh ! you
understand.’
‘ If that ’s your Plan, gadzooks ! I ’ll bet
a wager
‘ I soon shall see you Captain ! aye ! and
Major.’

END OF PART II

SEQUEL
TO THE
MILITARY ADVENTURES OF
JOHNNY NEWCOME
PART I

SEQUEL
TO THE
MILITARY ADVENTURES OF
JOHNNY NEWCOME

PART I

FRIENDS, Fashion, Fortune, will deceptive
veer,

Like fickle Seasons, in the varying Year.

A sad it is, but melancholy Truth,

How small, how slippery is the path of
Youth:

Many, no doubt, incautious, weak, and
blind,

Betraying want of prudence, want of
mind,

Impetuously advance, nor look before—
They unlamented sink—to rise no more :
Others again, by observation guided,
Step firmly on, determined, and decided ;
One solid Object steadily pursue,
Nor e'er lose sight of what they have in
view.

Such was our Youth. If truly we him
scan,

He knew the World, and was a Worldly
man ;

For deep intrigue, or artifice was fit,
Endued with ample store of Mother wit :
Apt was his mind, and his perception
keen,

To meditate on what he'd heard and
seen.

Tho' few years converse with the World
he'd held,

He saw how much by folly 'twas impell'd ;

Saw to their passions that Mankind were
Slaves,
The dupes to flattery, and the sport of
Knaves ;
Saw exultation, which no art could
smother,
Greedy enjoy the downfall of each
other ;
Saw honest poverty, by pride opprest,
And worthless Scoundrels for their
wealth carest ;
Saw titled Miscreants, to all feeling lost,
Disgrace the noble Pedigree they boast ;
Saw Wealth and Honours shamefully
misplac'd,
Fortune's best gifts flagitiously disgrac'd :
So much he saw—he found he could
insure
The Road to Wealth, and Honours quite
secure.

The first was in his grasp, he knew old
 John
 Was wond'rous rich, and he an only Son ;—
 And for the next, he could, some how, or
 other,
 Arrange that too, with aid of his good
 Mother.

The Plan now laid, he open'd his approach,
 ' Mother,' says he 'you ought to keep a
 Coach.

' In that, dear Mother, I should feel a
 pride.'

(Johnny well knew his Mother's weakest
 side.)

' See Lady Jane Tobacco's gay Parade—
 ' She drives about, tho' her good Man's in
 Trade.'

' Ah! my dear John, all this is very true,—
 ' But how to manage it? what must I do? '

- ‘ O! as to that, I’ll put it in a Train ;
‘ You know, dear Mother, Dad’s a little
vain :
‘ So now between ourselves I will disclose
‘ A famous scheme, which I have to propose :
‘ Old Dad is rich enough, as you can tell—
‘ He first must be, a Banker in Pall Mall ;
‘ And having once, dear Mother, fixed
him there,
‘ We’ll have a Mansion in St. James’s
Square ;—
‘ Then at the Ministers old Dad shall set,
‘ To make a Lord of him, or Baronet :
‘ Then Lady *Newcome’s* Equipage so neat,
‘ With two smart Footmen rattling in the
Street ;
‘ And with your Routs, your grandeur to
evince,
‘ Have half a score of Lords, and perhaps
a Prince.

- ‘ What, tho’ the great may exercise their
wit,
‘ Themselves are Scions from some honest
Cit!
‘ Then here again am I, whom no one
knows,
‘ A Grocer’s Son, among our City
Beaux.
‘ I in the Wars who have obtained some
credit.’
‘ It shall be done, dear John, and I have
said it.’

John’s picture he so artfully had drest,
Ambition’s flame now kindled in her
breast.

It is an apt old adage, known of course,
‘ The Grey Mare often proves the better
Horse.’

Her end she gain'd ; but how, I'm not to
name,

For many thrifty Wives have done the
same.

True to her text, the prudent Dame was
right,

Our honest Grocer soon was dubb'd a
Knight ;

Soon in the West, establish'd in his
Bank,

Strutted a man of Consequence and Rank.

My Lady too, which is not vastly rare,

She had her Mansion in St. James's
Square.

Now Cards of invitation flew about,

Sir John's gay Dinners, and my Lady's
Rout.

The Fashionable World would not decline
To touch her Guineas, and to drink his
Wine.

Thus in gay Circles lavishly they sport,
And Lady *Newcome*'s introduced at
Court.

John's turn now came to enter on the
Stage ;

And *Mr. Newcome* now was all the Rage.
John had perceived how much on wealth
depends ;

He was surrounded by an Host of Friends :
His lively skiff on Fashion's surface floated,
'Twas but to ask, and Johnny was
promoted.

His Game in hand, so well he play'd his
Cards,

Renounc'd the Line, and glitter'd in the
Guards ;

In fashion's sportive ring set all agoing—
Deep at Newmarket, and at Brookes's
knowing.

In love affairs John managed well his part,
He had a golden rule to reach the heart.
In the gay vortex now you see him
dash,

Lively, and volatile, but far from rash ;
Where dissipation led was always ready,
But to his interest firm, and ever steady.
Panting to shine in Military fame,
For valourous Enterprize to get a Name,
He with this feeling mingled with the
bevy,

And paid his humble duty at the Levee :
He knew full well the miserable chance
Subs in the Line had ever to advance ;
He had strong claims to urge in his
behalf,

A Guardsman was a Passport to the Staff.
A Captain now, he look'd for Higher Rank,
And knew th' influence of his Father's
Bank.

But all in vain, the odious Regulation
That fix'd the time of service to each
Station,

His object check'd ; altho' in his behest
Sir John push'd forward all his interest.
All would not do, nor interest, nor wealth,
Nor all the wily stratagem of stealth,
(Altho' no doubt there was much deep
finesse

By some employed, unknown to his
Highness),

Could move the Duke, who, to his
applause,

Would not infringe the Military Laws :

' If Captain *Newcome's* ardour and his
zeal

' Panted for Honour, or his Country's weal,

' The Road to all was evident and plain.'

' Why then,' says John, ' I'll to the Wars
again.

' And so, dear Dad, go speak in my behalf,
' A word from you will get me on the
Staff.'

Sir John was proud to see his boy high-
mettled,

So made his Bow, and every thing was
settled.

' Go then, my Son, rejoin that valiant
Host,

' Led by Old England's pride, and Erin's
boast ;

' For him does every heart's best wishes
flow,

' Who taught the Allies how to beat the
Foe.'

Now once more Johnny greets the Azure
Main,

Four gallant Chargers flourish in his
Train ;

H

Canteens, with Plate, and Prog completely
stor'd,

To form an elegant and sumptuous board.

A Valet, and two Grooms, his Route
attends,

Teague was gone dead, carousing with his
Friends ;

For scarce was John well settled at his
home,

When Teague soon felt a secret wish to
roam :

Long'd for his Native Cot, his Country
dear,

So Friends, and Whiskey, finish'd his
career.

As now Sir John in the first Circle rolls,
Important objects his great mind unfolds.
The Ministers he counted as his own,
And got a thumping portion of the Loan.

The Livery now harangued with bold
Oration,

Extoll'd the prosperous credit of the
Nation;

The laughter, scoffs, and hisses could
receive—

Sir John laugh'd too—but it was in his
sleeve.

Let him who loses laugh, in spite of
dins,

Laugh those that will, he'll surely laugh
that wins.

Tho' W—n, W—d, and Q—n would snarl
and bite—

Sir John, like others, knew 'twas merely
spite :

With all their hustlings, hoaxings, and
grimaces,

They only bellow'd for a change of
places.

Patriots, no doubt a useful appellation,
A treacherous Figure to mislead a
Nation,—

My Lord, Sir John, a Commoner, his
Grace,

Are flaming Patriots—if out of Place ;
No doubt 'tis useful in some way, or other,
And serves one wily Rogue to oust his
Brother.

Sir John and Lady *Newcome* now agree
He should attend his Son down to the
Sea.

Sir John had mighty matters to relate
About their present, and their future state ;
Much to consult about, much to advise—
Sir John had suddenly grown wond'rous
wise ;

And Lady *Newcome's* fashionable friends,
For her dear Johnny's absence made
amends.

Now in a Chaise and Four they onwards
travell'd,

When thus Sir John his sentiments
unravell'd :

' D' ye see, my Son, as it has been my fate

' To be a Knight, and Member of the
State—

' I'm rich enough, no doubt, all that is true,

' But then the Minister—he knows who's
who.

' Financial knowledge I'll not yield to
Necker—

' Full well they know my value at th'
Exchequer.

' And you, my Son, I mean when next we
meet,

' Shall at St. Stephen's Chapel take a Seat.

' In the mean time, dear John, it would be
wise

' That you in every thing should scrutinize;

- ‘ Transmit your observations in a Note—
 ‘ They may be useful by and bye, to
 quote ;
 ‘ At present ’tis our plan, you will agree—
 ‘ All’s right and proper, we no fault must
 see :
 ‘ But, should a change take place, our
 Party out,
 ‘ We then shall see most diff’rently, no
 doubt.
 ‘ Let nothing, John, your observation pass,
 ‘ Purveyors, Commissaries, all that Class ;
 ‘ As for the Staff, there’s nothing now to
 blame,
 ‘ The Duke’s wise measures have cut up
 that Game.¹

¹ At the close of the American War, such a number of Officers retired so astonishingly enriched, that it is imagined it excited the jealousy of Government. Hence enquiries and investigations were made ; means were taken to put a stop to such iniquitous practices ; and His Royal Highness, the Commander-in-Chief, has

' In former Wars we heard of Depredation,
' A sort of Military Peculation,
' But now, indeed, 'tis quite a diff'rent
story,
' They nought pursue but Honour, Fame,
and Glory.
' And as in Arms Old England's proudly—
grown,
' The Honour, Fame, and Glory's all their
own.'

To this address John deep attention
paid ;

There was much policy in what he said :

since taken measures to put an effectual termination to
such disgraceful conduct.

I speak from authority when I assert, that when the
Peace of 1783 took place, one Military Officer retired
to his own Country (a Sister Kingdom) with the enor-
mous Sum of £190,000, when the income arising from
his Regimental Commission, together with his Staff
situation, could not have been equal to £1000 a-year.
He was seven years on service in America.

For the advice, his gratitude exprest,
 And in his mind he treasur'd up the rest.
 Thus mutually on future prospects
 counting,
 They Portsmouth reach, and rattle to the
 Fountain.

A Chaise and Four creates a famous
 bustle—

Landlords and Waiters 'gainst each other
 hustle.

Obsequiously the Landlord bows the
 way—

Expensive work, for every Bow you pay.¹
 But more of that anon—all things arrang'd;
 The Dinner order'd, and apparel chang'd.
 John said, 'Dear Dad, we first must pay
 our Court

' To the great Naval Chieftain of the Port';

¹ It is certainly a gross imposition on the Public, but falls particularly heavy on the Naval and Military departments.

And slily whispering, 'It is my drift
'On board a Man-of-War to get a lift.'
'You must, my Boy; I fancy there are
few come
'With so much wealth and power as Sir
John *Newcome*.'

The Admiral was civil and polite,
And courteously receiv'd the worthy
Knight.

The Card announc'd his dignity full well,
'Twas Sir John *Newcome*, Knight, M.P.,
Pall Mall.

The Admiral grew sociable and free,
And very much increas'd his courtesy.
'My Son, a Captain of the Guards, intends
'Once more in Portugal to see his
Friends:

'I would not suffer him to take this trip,
'You know, dear Admiral, in a common
Ship.'

‘ Oh, by no means, Sir John, I ’m pleased,
I own ;

‘ A Frigate soon will sail ; ’tis the Pomone.

‘ Your Son on board can go when he has
leisure,

‘ Carteret¹ I ’m sure ’ll receive him with
great pleasure ;

‘ He ’ll find in him, you safely may depend,

‘ A thorough Seaman, Gentleman, and
Friend.’

Sir John express’d his hopes some future
Day

He might his kind civility repay.

Should the good Admiral to Town repair,

He hoped to see him in St. James’s Square ;

Or should he some small object have in
hand,

His little interest was at his Command.

¹ The Officer whose gallantry took a praam in
Boulogne Harbour, in sight of Buonaparte.

The time now pass'd in viewing every
Sight,

The Dock-yards, Ramparts, and the Isle
of Wight.

Our Knight, to help his memory, now
wrote

His observations down, by way of Note.

The Lines, and Ramparts his attention
takes,

The muddy Ditches, and the slimy
Lakes.

Note¹—'Guineas I'm sure were here
made Ducks and Drakes.'

Then o'er the Dock-yard eagerly he pores,
Surveys around the Barrels, Masts, and
Stores.

¹ We have seen M——rs of P——t driving to places, and scrutinizing into matters that did not concern them; when, had they turned their active powers to the circumstances above mentioned, they at least would have obtained more credit, and perhaps not have subjected themselves to a disgraceful defeat and general contempt.

The Anchors, Rope-house, and the Piles
of Staves ;

Note—‘ I ’m sure these Fellows are a pack
of Knaves.

‘ Sad Peculation here midst great and
small,

‘ There ’s waste of Hemp enough to hang
them all.’

The Shoals of Vessels too, that lay in
Ordinary,

Our honest Knight considered most
extraordinary.

While of our Ships, the French did
Prizes make,

And at our Harbours’ mouth our Vessels
take.

Note—‘ Something here was very much
amiss ;

‘ And were they not our *Friends*, should
swing for this.’

Not at this time a word he meant to say,
But snugly kept it for some future Day.

While Dad was gravely making each
remark,

John saw his Nags and Baggage safe
embark ;

Saw the dexterity with which they whip
The horse with Tackle safely in the
Ship.

So firmly managed, yet with so much
care,

Rais'd from the ground, suspended in the
air,

The astonish'd Animal without a check
Is gently lower'd till he gains the Deck.

John found the Knight, whose head now
chiefly run

On the sad way the Nation's work was
done ;

When having Dined, and o'er the social
Glass,

He said—' Dear Boy, strange things may
come to pass,

' 'Tis right, as now our Party has the
sway,

' All must be right they do, and all they
say.

' But, should the Minister get his dis-
mission,

' Our Party then will be in Opposition ;

' 'Tis then for us to Badger, and to vex
'em—

' I've got some ticklers here, that will
perplex 'em.

' Interest now tells us it would be absurd

' Of these vile Rogueries, to say a word,

' But if they oust us, then without a
doubt

' Our bounden Duty is to tell it out ;

‘ For should my Friends so shamefully
be treated,

‘ I’ll let the Nation know how it is
cheated.’

Next morn a Midshipman by times
brought word

That Captain *Newcome* must repair on
Board ;

The Captain’s compliments, to let him
know

The Wind was fair, the Ship to Sea must
go.

The Knight his Son saw ready to depart,
Affectionately press’d him to his heart :

‘ Adieu ! dear Johnny ! I shall be in pain

‘ Until I see you safe return again ;

‘ Adieu ! dear Son ! my happiness enfold
you,

‘ But pray remember all that I have told
you :

‘ Write to me, John, whenever you are
able,

‘ Disguise your meaning, wrap it up in
Fable.¹

‘ You understand me, John ’—then
squeez’d his hand ;

John in the Boat was quickly row’d from
Land—

Soon reach’d the Frigate, which without
delay

Her Topsails haul’d, and gently bore
away.

And now our Knight with solitary pace
Did to the Fountain Inn his way retrace ;

¹ It has been whispered, that strange means were resorted to in order to get at the opinions of men in high rank, respecting the operations on the Peninsula. I own I do not credit the malicious story, but, as Sir John was conversant in state politics, I must leave him to form his own conjectures, and his directing his son to write typically might be defended.

Tired of himself, he there express'd his
will—

‘ To have his Chaise and Four, and have
his Bill.’

The bill produced ; ‘ What’s this I see ?
why Zounds !

‘ For three days’ living, six and fifty
pounds !¹

‘ Myself, and Son, two Servants, and no
more—

‘ A Bill like this I never saw before.’

‘ Twas true, Sir John, but *meat*, Sir John,
was dear ;

‘ It was, Sir John, a bad time of the
Year.’

‘ Aye, aye, ’tis plain, egad ! I see it
now,

‘ You charge D——d dear, my friend, for
every Bow.’

¹ A *true* Bill.

In Carriage seated—paid; but swore he
meant

‘ To lay the Bill before the Parliament.’

To London went Post-haste, with
thoughtful cares,

Now of his Son, and now on State Affairs.

Brisk was the Gale, with clear, uncloudy
Weather;

Brisk was John’s heart, for he was in
high Feather.

His rising Prospects, as he looked
around—

What limits now could his Ambition
bound?

In Fortune, Fashion, Rank, conspicuous
shone,

From Eastern Hemisphere, a Rising Sun.¹

¹ Many ‘ wise Men have come from the East,’ of late
Years.

At Starting Posts, with Note-book, took
his stand,

Or, midst the gaping throng, drove Four
in hand—

He'd gamed with Princes, drank with
Duke and Peer,

Was foremost in the Field in Leicester-
shire.

All this, 'tis true, conspired to give a claim,
A *Newcome* Title to notorious Fame ;

And was, no doubt, most grateful to his
Vanity—

Still 'twas a Trifling, Tonish, Tincture of
Insanity.

Ardent he longed with gallant Hosts to
Muster,

And by Achievement gain a Warlike lustre.

He wish'd 'mongst Heroes to be rank'd
and known,

An Emanation from himself alone.

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Alert and active, stretched is every
Sail,
To catch the impulse from the ready
Gale;
The Frigate glides with smooth and
steady sweep
O'er the wide surface of th' unfathomed
Deep.
In elegance and ease they pass'd each
Day,
The willing Breeze impell'd them on
their Way.

The Rock of Lisbon, towering in
height—
St. Julian's Castle open'd to their Sight.
With press of Sail the Tagus now
explore,
And Johnny greets the Lusitanian Shore.

His thanks return'd for this most pleasant
Trip,
With glowing spirits soon he left the Ship.

With all the Guardsman's Nonchalance
and Grace,
First to the Envoy's he directs his pace.
A kind reception he should meet he knew,
A Guardsman's Costume is, *a passe par tout*.
Besides from People in the highest
Station
He'd Letters too of strongest commendation.

The Envoy¹ was a Man of shrewd discerning,
A Man of Wit, of Fashion, and of Learning;

¹ The Right Honourable Sir Charles Stuart, K.B., &c. &c.

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Perused the Letters, said, in Friendly
way,
‘ You ’ll make my House your home, Sir,
while you stay ;
‘ For you must know this Casa where I
dwell,
Is by the Quizzers called, the Guards’
Hotel.’
Our Hero thanked him for the Friendly
offer—
It was a pleasing and a flattering proffer.

Sir Charles possessed, with elegance and
ease,
The power of pleasing, and the will to
please.
Our John was pleas’d—such offers don’t
offend,
A sumptuous Table, with a lively Friend.

All this arranged, John thought it right
he now

Should on the General¹ wait, and make
his Bow ;

A Guardsman too, and strictly to his
tether,

Adhered to the Old adage, 'Birds of a
Feather,'

John, as a Guardsman soon had his *entré*,
Greeted, and closeted without delay.

For Men in power great etiquette
observe

(A necessary caution, and reserve),

Not that I would insinuate that here

There was more exercised than should
appear.

The General was obliging, courteous, kind,
A Man of much urbanity of Mind ;

¹ Major-General Peacocks, of the Guards.

But, Guardsman like, as I have said
before,
Felt, as a Guardsman, the *Esprit du*
corps.

One observation I must introduce
By way of hint, it perhaps may be of
use ;
A grateful system by the Duke¹ observ'd,
That he who first arrives, the first is
serv'd.

¹ The custom was introduced by H.R.H. the Duke of York, and is as follows : if any Officer, no matter the Rank he may hold, is desirous to pay a dutiful respect to the Commander of the Forces, or may have business to transact with His Royal Highness, he is directed to repair to the Horse-Guards at an early hour, on the day appointed for the Levee, and write down his Name and Rank in a list presented to him. He is then told at what hour the Duke commences his Levee, and according to the situation of the Signatures on the list, he is introduced.

A similar system is observed at the Offices of the Adjutant and Quarter-Master-General.

An honour to his head and heart eternal,
The Ensign's often seen before the
Colonel.

I'm warranted in this my Postulatum,
For it, by general sanction, *est Probatum*.

John seated, now did Anecdotes relate
Of Fashion, Gallantry, and of the
Great ;

Who lost at Boodles—who supposed the
winner—

The Whispers, Bagatelles, at the Guard
Dinner ;

In Fashionable life, who went astray—
Whose Daughter slipped—whose Wife
had ran away ;

Who was the reigning beauty—who the
Toast—

Who at a certain House now ruled the
Roast ;

138 THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF
Whose gay Barouche was sporting in the
Park—
What was become of W——l and Ma'am
C——k;
What Wolf in patriot clothing went
disguis'd—
What Machinations 'gainst the State
devis'd;
Who of our Army systems made a
Route—
Who talked of Things, which they knew
nought about.

The General listen'd, and enjoy'd the jokes
(He'd herded too with Fashionable
Folks);
Shook Johnny by the hand, express'd
his sorrow
'He was engaged to-day, but hoped
to-morrow

'The Captain would at half-past five
repair

'To meet some Friends, and take his
homely Fare.'

'Twas late, but Johnny nicked it to a T,
The Envoy's dinner hour was half-past
Three.

John heartily enjoy'd the good Repast,
And Bumpers fill'd when e'er the Bottle
pass'd.

At Envoys' Tables, and some others, I
think

They give full time to Eat, but not to
Drink.

I know not that to Wine they have a
loathing,

Perhaps 'tis a custom, something like
their Clothing:

For I've observ'd at all their Routes and
Balls

Legation Gentry put on Reg'mentals.¹

At early hour our Envoy did insist
Our noble Captain should cut in at
Whist

Before he went to bed—he rose a
Winner ;

Then with the General next day took his
Dinner.

By times in Morn, again he travell'd
down

To Belem, purposely to call on B——n.

¹ I am afraid I expose my ignorance in making this remark ; but, as I observed, those Gentlemen were not all dressed in the same kind of Uniform : (for instance, one in the Uniform of the Guards ; another in the Uniform of some Militia Corps ; a third, in the Uniform of a Light Regiment ; but all with two blazing Epaul-ettes) I must own I was puzzled in endeavouring to account for this Masquerading.

No change had driven from his grateful
Mind

The former conduct—gentle, mild, and
kind ;

Nor Wealth, nor Grandeur could his
heart controul,

His was the impulse of an honest soul.

‘ Feeling ! ’ could Johnny now expose that
vulgar passion,

‘ Exploded, obsolete, so out of Fashion ’ :

But Johnny was not spoiled in that parti-
cular,

Old Friends to meet erect, and Perpen-
dicular ;

So flew with rapture to the Barrack-yard,
To seek his former Chum, kind-hearted
Ward.

His hand thrust out, when his Friend he
espies,

With honest pleasure sparkling in his Eyes.

‘ How are you, Ward ? by Jove, I ’m glad
to meet you ;

‘ Give me your Fist — I with much
pleasure greet you.

‘ How fat you ’re grown ! I say, you lively
Varlet,

‘ You ’re still a stickler for the bit of
Scarlet.

‘ I ’ll tell you what it is, you D——d old
Sinner,

‘ I purposely came down to Storm your
Dinner—

‘ Parade your Beef, my Boy, and don’t be
fine.

‘ I say, Friend Ward, how stands your
stock of Wine ? ’

Then whispered in his Ear, of Men in
power ;

Dinners D——d fine, but Wine for half
an Hour.

Ward was delighted, charm'd, and
gratified,
To find Friend John, without a spark of
pride;
He thought his former Friends would off
be thrown,
When, for the Guards, he'd quitted the
King's Own.

' And I,' said Ward, ' dear *Newcome*, for
my part,
' Am glad to see you back, with all my
heart.
' But come along—I do not boast variety,
' The poorest fare's a Feast with good
Society.
' We will reverse the thing, for at my
Treat,
' We'll drink like Fishes, tho' no Fish
to eat.

' 'Tis thus we Soldiers live, it can't be
worse,

' Always on Beef, and with an empty
Purse.'

' Of honest Beef,' says John, 'pray don't
speak slighting ;

' 'Tis thought, you know, our stimulant to
Fighting :

' Its loss to Britons is the worst of
Evils—

' Give them but Beef enough, they 'll fight
like Devils.

' But this I know,' says John, 'at our
great Battle

' Our Commissaries really had no
Cattle ;

' And though our Lads had scarcely
aught to Eat,

' The Enemy in famous style they
Beat.'

An Officer observed, ' Now where's the wonder?

' The hardy Vagabonds, smelt out the Plunder :

' I've seen the Rogues dash to the very Muzzle,

' But all for Plunder, all to get a Guzzle.'

' Come, come,' says John, ' now that a mere pretence is,

' Tho' drunk the Foe, we Fight in sober senses.

' For if a Drunkard Fights, they can't do less to him—

' First beat him, then get Drunk, Drinking success to him.'¹

¹ This has happened in a variety of instances ; but particularly at the storming of St. Sebastian, where our Soldiers were seen arm in arm, Drunk, with the French Soldiers, and actually tumbling over the Bodies of their dead Companions.

The Commandant now took up the
debate :

‘ Our Troops no doubt at first were in sad
state ;

‘ All Ranks and all Departments were
the same ;

‘ The Chief harsh censures was obliged
to frame :

‘ Reduced by Discipline, not now so
Fiery,

‘ Our Book of Orders is a Newgate Diary.

‘ The way I estimate a British Soldier—

‘ He’s stouter than a Frenchman, and is
bolder ;

‘ But such a set of wanton idle Knaves !¹

‘ You’re forced, by G—d ! to treat them
all like Slaves.

¹ This is a melancholy truth. The immorality of the British Soldier is disgusting, and it is only by strict attention and severe discipline it is at all kept within bounds.

‘ It shocks one’s nature, outrages one’s
feeling,

‘ Compell’d to use such rough and
rigorous dealing.’

‘ Idle,’ says one, ‘see them on out-post
planted,

‘ A cold and frosty Night, and firing
wanted;

‘ Tho’ merely for their comfort and their
good,

‘ No man will Volunteer to fetch in wood.¹

‘ Orders I’ve given, and very often Rum
for’t—

‘ You’re forced to coax them, to consult
their comfort.

¹ The astonishing difficulties against which Lord Wellington had to struggle, from the disorganized state of his Army, may, in some respect, be understood by reverting to his Lordship’s General Orders. Three volumes are filled with recapitulations of General Courts-Martial.

‘ Look at the French ; those active lively
Elves

‘ Are always Devilish careful of them-
selves.

‘ John Bull will Fight, and take their
Post by Storm,

‘ Then coolly round their Fires have a
warm.’

The Toast went round, & then with
brimmers flowing,

The Guests were getting wiser, and more
knowing.

‘ Here come, my friends,’ says Ward,
‘ each take your Potion,

‘ Here’s to a speedy and a quick Pro-
motion !’

‘ Aye,’ says another, ‘ that’s all mere
derision ;

‘Promotion’s one thing—give me the provision.

‘What signifies the Rank; with truth I say,

‘Some Generals have but half a pound a Day¹;—

‘High Rank no doubt is merely but a Cheat,

‘Unless with it we something get to eat.

‘Men who have interest rise, there is no doubt;

‘The Rich get all—the poor Man goes without.’

‘Merit,’ says B—n, ‘it is my fixed belief,

‘Leads merely to Promotion with our Chief.

¹ The handsome addition of Pay to General Officers is highly creditable to those who originally were the promoters of so well-timed a remuneration.

‘ Some instances, I candidly must
own,
‘ That don’t originate with Him alone.
‘ Others are oft indulged to recommend
‘ (A small convenience to serve a
Friend);
‘ And when for folly, interest makes a
Push,
‘ The Chief assents, no doubt, but with a
Blush.’

‘ Ah, well! some rise, we know, without
Achievance.¹
‘ You know, Friend B—n, we’ve every
one our Grievance.

¹ I am but a poor Poet, and if I have taken the advantage in the invention of the word *achievance* in this instance, I hope I may be excused, as we have instances of the richest Poets having done the same.

In respect to the term Grievance, I conceive it does not require explanation in our Military classes.

‘ Come, push about the Glass, and drown
Hostilities—

‘ Men who have interest rise, D—n their
Abilities.’

‘ True, honest Ward,’ says John; ‘ I’m
one I know it :

‘ Give us a Song, my Boy ! a good one—
go it !’

Now Song and Glass, and Glee alternate
roll,

Reason now left it to the flow of Soul.

At length, good Night ! and John got in
his Chaise ;

He’d not forgot the Feast of former
Days.

The Fleet arriv’d, his Equipage on Shore,
As John considered purchasing a Bore.

His Groom four Mules had bought, for he
was heedful,

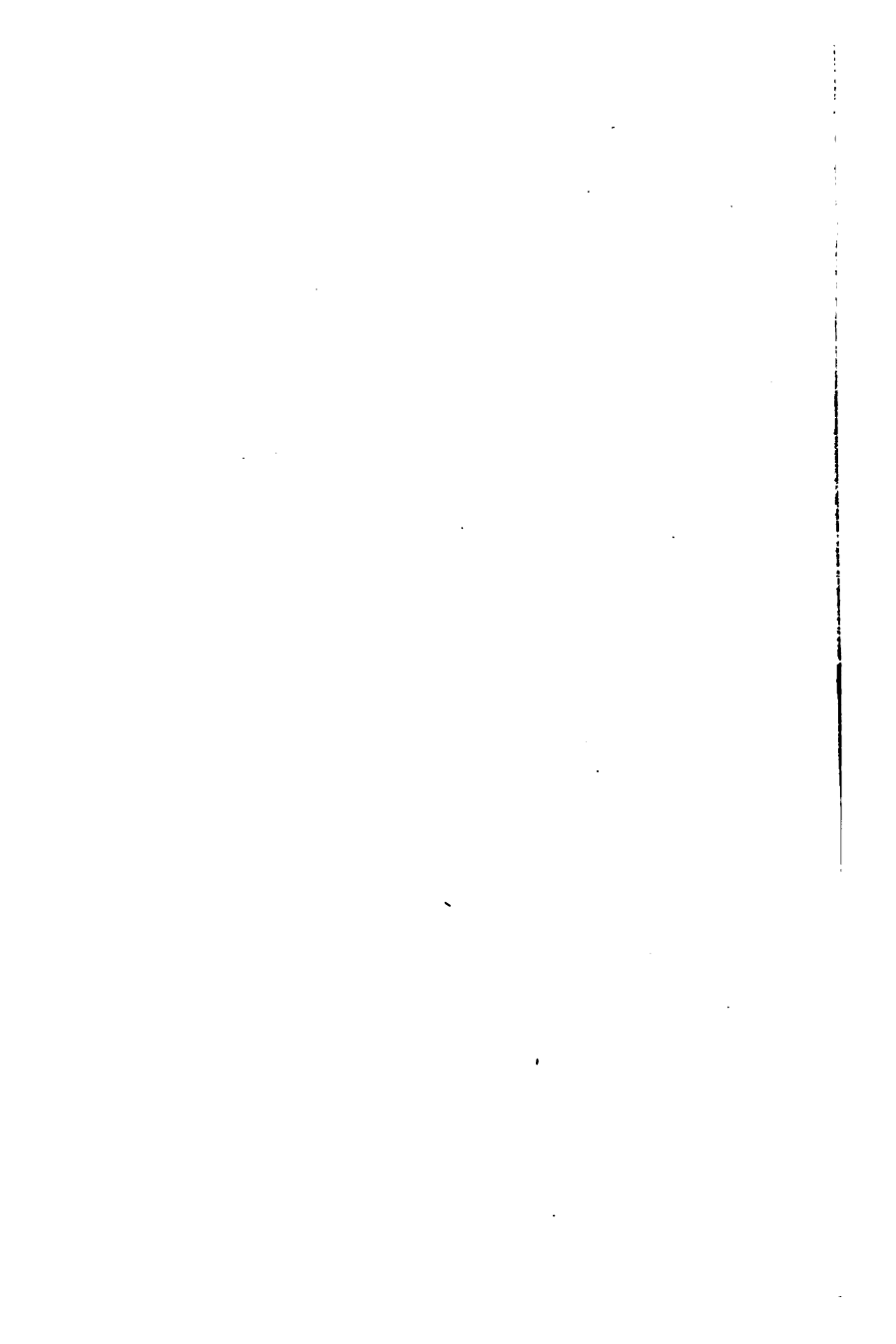
With all the Tackle, every thing was
needful.

John took his leave, with all things in
good plight,

Dashed with his Suite, for Santarem that
Night.

END OF PART I. OF SEQUEL

SEQUEL
TO THE
MILITARY ADVENTURES OF
JOHNNY NEWCOME
PART II



SEQUEL
TO THE
MILITARY ADVENTURES OF
JOHNNY NEWCOME
PART II

SEQUEL
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MILITARY ADVENTURES OF
JOHNNY NEWCOME

PART II

JOHN lost no time, saw Guarda, and
Almeida,
Then rattled 'cross the Mountains to
Freinada;
In haste repaired to the great Chieftain's
Hall,
To give his Letters, and to make his Call.
John enter'd in, and in that temper found
him,
Diffusing ease and pleasure all around him.

‘ Your ardour, *Newcome*, much deserves
requiting,

‘ To leave St. James’s Square and share
our Fighting.

‘ Here, Aylmer! in next Orders let there be

‘ *Newcome*’s appointment, extra A.D.C.

‘ Well, what’s the fancy now, and what’s
the Hoax?

‘ Our list of broken heads may please the
Folks?

‘ If we’re successful, then ’tis mighty well;

‘ If not—by God! they send us all to
Hell.’¹

‘ Why, true, my Lord!’ says John, ‘ it is
well known

‘ That any small reverse will cast them
down;

¹ The thermometer of Mr. John Bull’s spirits is so delicately compounded, that the smallest variation in the political atmosphere raises, or depresses, to a point verging on Insanity.

' But by success crown'd, our City
Stumpers

' Will, with their Venison, swallow us in
Bumpers.

' To talk of War, and Blood, no doubt is
fine

' In a whole Skin—and that Skin full of
Wine.'

' Why don't they hand us out their Goods
& Chattles?

' We should with much more pleasure
Fight their Battles.

' But, as it is, I trust the next Campaign

' I shall drive all the Rascals out of
Spain.

Newcome, remember you're attached
to me :

' Good Morning now—you'll find your
way at Three.'

Thus spoke the Noble Chief; in whom
 combin'd

A sportive fancy, an immortal Mind—
 Who Pomp repell'd, and Pageantry
 of Show,

And scorn'd the Homage, which from
 thence did flow;

Simply attir'd, he sought th' embattled	}
Plain,	
No studied Splendour, no refulgent	
Fame,	
Could add one Bud of Laurel to his	}
Name.	

This was an Honour rather unexpected,
 And John's acknowledgments were not
 neglected.

Congratulations flowed from all around—
 Such follows favour, whensoever it's
 found.



Johnny on Duty with his Chief.

What ever Way he did his Footsteps
bend,

Johnny was sure to meet a hearty Friend.
I'm High in Luck, such Friendships do
accrue me—

' But when I was Sub, why no one knew
me.'

For John full well knew where the secret
lay—

Those were the Friendships of a Pro-
sperous Day.

Prosperity, like Poverty, you'll find.
Holds a strange influence o'er the Human
Mind.

On Memory's¹ Compass are so adverse set,
Remember, and, Remember to forget.

¹ I have, in former days, I confess, been rather puzzled to account for a sort of tergiversation in the memory of many young men. I was foolish enough to expect that high-titled Honourables were of similar opinions, in respect to intimacies and friendships, in common with

John knew his Friends, & at what price
 he bought 'em,
 So nods, and How d' ye's, gave to all that
 sought 'em.

Now smiling Spring (such are Poetic
 Styles)

Saluted John with her effulgent Smiles :

other folks ; but, to my astonishment and disgust, I then found, as I have frequently since experienced, that the man who could bend in the country to a sociable intimacy—changing his ground, changed his deportment ; that the men with whom I have in the country domesticated—have been admitted to a very familiar intimacy, when I met them in Town seemed to have totally lost sight of me, and returned my salute with a careless insolence, if they condescended to return it at all ; this appeared to me ridiculously capricious, unaccountably foolish. At length an old Friend told me it was the way of the world, and that there was a wonderful difference between the Companions in the Country, and the associate in London. Now I do think this is a fair hint to all *Johnny Newcomes*, a warning to make up their minds, that, however my Lord or Sir Toby may condescend to an intimacy in the Country (which, perhaps, may arise from a selfish principle in these Honourable Worthies) they must expect the Cut direct in Town.

This led him to commence his Operations,
To make, as Dad advised, his Observations.

Though for an A. D. C. the Chief did take
him,

Neither his sense, or judgment did forsake
him.¹

When his Bucephœlus he got astride
'Twas for more purposes than merely ride ;
Something picks up, which ever way
he Steers,
Making a proper use of Eyes, and Ears.

Some Men have Eyes, and Ears, and yet
you find
They merely see the Day, and hear the
Wind ;

¹ Another instance of effect on Memory : how many young Men have we seen in such situations, who have acted like the veriest Simpleton, and by their arrogance, and presumption have excited the contempt of their Equals.

But ask them, and 'tis plain they do not
know

What causes Light of Day, or Wind to
Blow.

John was a famous Horseman, and oft
went

With various Orders, by the Chieftain
sent ;

Eager, and bold, he round the Country
rode,

True cut of Leicestershire, and Cattle
good.

At various times, with various Parties
mixt,

On different Objects his attention fixt ;
Saw all the Stations in his varying
Courses,

The Quarters, and Cantonments of the
Forces ;

Artillery, Hospitals, Forage-yards, and
Stores,

Cavalry, Infantry, Light Troops, Caçadores ;

Made it his Business, took much pains
and care

To ascertain the State in which each
were :

Dined with the Great, and mingled with
their Minions,

Treasur'd their observations, and opinions.

As in the World those know each other
best

Where much familiarity's the Test,

A shallow Rogue may secret up a Com-
ment,

Or free expression of unguarded Moment ;

But urged by vanity, he can't be Mute,

And blabs to shew he's Clever and Acute.

Then wiser Folks, with very little Pains,
Will undermine his Head, and pick his
Brains.

John angled well, and to his fullest Wish,
Lured with the small, and took the
largest Fish :

Nor slacked his search, nor object did
forget,
'Till with rich Stores he'd fairly fill'd his
Net.

Sir John had often made a resolution,
To speechify about the Constitution.
He with the Livery stood in some repute,
' That there's,' ' as how's,' ' d' ye see's,' did
just them suit.

And then each day in Speech he bolder
grew,
And 'midst their Broils, shoved in a word,
or two.

But in the House, when he to speak arose,
And would the labours of his mind
disclose,
When all was silent, every Muzzle Mum—
He could not make a Speech—who made
a Plum.

But Johnny's turn had kindled fresh his
hopes,
He'd now in Figures flourish, and in
Tropes.

This secret in his heart he'd closely pent ;
This it was led him wholly to consent,
When John express'd his ardent wish
again

To join Lord Wellington the next Cam-
paign ;

This led him all his influence to use,
That John might go, to send him Home
the News ;

This led to giving John his strict directions
 About his Scrutinizing and Inspections ;
 To bid him earnestly take special care
 To see the Troops, and write him what
 they were :

Meaning on this to make a grand Oration,
 Both to astonish, and amaze the Nation.
 His adverse system too had not forgot—
 His Speech should hit like double-headed
 Shot.

If seated snugly on the Treasury Bench,
 ‘ This mighty Force,’ yet did his friends
 Retrench ;

But if on t’ other side he took his Post,
 ‘ This mighty Force,’ *th’ enormous sums it*
 Cost.

He culled high-sounding words too, for
 th’ occasion,
 Material, Bivouac, Demoralization.

Yet poor Sir John, tho' much he'd heard,
and read,

Felt still aware how treacherous was his
Head;

Tho' yet he laboured like a Brewer's
Dray-Horse,

'Twas but to Bother, and increase the Chaos.

Tho' battled hard some fixt idea to gain,

No, not one particle would ere remain.

A sudden brilliant thought, just then
occurred,

Which to accomplish he'd not be de-
terred.

Then anxious on this darling object bent,
Purchased a Seat for John in Parliament.

Thus reforc'd, he'd take up his
Position—

Johnny could give him Stores of
Ammunition,

And if deserted by his treacherous Mind,
Johnny might snugly prompt him from
behind.

Our Knight now with redundancy of Joy
His thoughts communicated to his Boy,
In haste indites a Letter to Sir John,
Explaining every thing he would have
done ;

Hoped with his aid, his object he'd complete—

Wished him all happiness in his new
Seat.

' Write, my dear John, as often as you can,
' But as we're circumstanced, pursue this
Plan,—

' The prying Folks my object now to
pose is,

' So frame your Letter in a metamor-
phosis.

' One Letter you can straight direct to
me—

' Another send to Ludgate, as the Key.

' That by this means we shall our secret
smother,

' One can't be understood, without the
other.'

'Twas odd enough that Johnny in his
mind

Was working at a plan of similar kind.

Dad's welcome News his spirits did elate,

That he was now a Member of the State.

New hopes were busy in his sanguine
breast,

Perhaps by th' Speaker he might be
addrest.

Should he by chance some Gallant deed
Achieve,

He might th' Honourable Speaker's
thanks receive.

'Twas usual that, when Heroes took their
Seat,

A flowery flow of grateful thanks to meet.
Whate'er John thought, he'd not point
out a Flaw,

The Speaker surely'd not offend the
Law.

His praise, so general, savour'd of
Insanity,

Tho' often just—it flatter'd each one's
Vanity.

Now in true earnest set about his Task,
Followed old Dad's advice and took the
Mask.

He knew in Martial Life that Truth no
jest is,

Their Courts of Honour were their
Courts of Justice.

He would, if possible, the Truth relate,
Devoid of malice, naught extenuate.

Dad would his secret keep, he could
depend ;

As for himself, he meant not to offend :

But should perchance his secret be let
out,

'Twas a mere Bagatelle to laugh about.

Should he in Metaphoric style transpose

Men into Beasts, or Parsons into Crows—

Those who could be displeased he should
disarm,

His was mere trifling, really meant no
harm ;

If, tho' in his delineation free,

It would be seen, 'twas mere necessity.

At length his ardent object to pursue,

A Schedule of his means he briefly drew,

All that had come within his observation,

And thus proceeded on with his Narra-
tion.

- ‘ By way of Introduction, you must know,
 ‘ It was, I think, but a few Years ago
 ‘ The Widow’s¹ intellects here were at a
 stand ;
 ‘ Her Son then took to Farming of the
 Land.
 ‘ If there’s bad management, it always
 shows,
 ‘ ’Twas out of Heart, and overrun with
 Crows.²
 ‘ Such a D——n’d flight of Crows did
 shocking harm—
 ‘ A few, we know, are useful to a Farm.
 ‘ The Squire,³ ’tis said, did naught but
 Eat, & Pray,

¹ Her Majesty of Portugal having, unfortunately, a great debility of mind, her Son assum’d the Government as Regent.

² Priests of every description. The Regent evinced his predilection for those Gentry, in having, it is said, 30,000 who lived on the fat of the Land.

³ People are mighty apt to judge with extreme severity on the conduct of Kings and Princes, &c. &c. ; and it

‘ Fearing his precious Soul might go
astray.

‘ The Farm tho’ bad, and in such piteous
case,

‘ Was situated in a lovely Place.

‘ The Air was charming, and the Soil was
sound—

generally happens that Men, who indulge themselves in the practices of Vice, are very liberal in the abuse of their Superiors in Rank and Fortune that shew a similar disposition, totally forgetting that themselves have been accustomed, in the course of Education, and in their commerce with the World, to the sound of wholesome Truths.

In former days a very useful and entertaining Personage was always an Appendage to the Pageantry of Courts, and in great Families—(yclept) a Fool : thro’ this lively Oracle, Truth reached the ears of the Great : but this wise custom has fallen into disuse, and unfortunately the familiars of the Great are now frequently composed of Naturals.

If those in Rank and Dignity enjoyed the advantages in common with the Mass of Mankind, and should then give themselves up to excesses, censure might be just, if that censure came from *clean hands*. But with the disadvantages they labour under from the earliest Age, the harsh animadversions on their conduct are Indecent, Malicious, and Uncharitable.

- ‘ No wonder Neighbours hanker’d for the
Ground.
- ‘ So Foreign ¹ Ants, and Locusts left their
Station,
- ‘ With other Vermin from a distant
Nation,
- ‘ Advanced in Hosts, and soon without
controul,
- ‘ With little trouble occupied the whole.
- ‘ Fled to a Ship, the Squire the Canvas fills,
- ‘ To see a Farm he had at the Brazils :
- ‘ But he, before he boldly ventured forth,
- ‘ Wrote to his Friend, a Farmer ² in the
North ;
- ‘ Trusting he would without delay deter-
mine
- ‘ To send some clever Chap to kill the
Vermin :

¹ The French Army.

² Our most gracious Sovereign.

- ‘ When that was done, he should return
again,
‘ And so his loving Cousin did remain.’
‘ The honest Man to whom he sent his
Letter,
‘ A wealthy Farmer was, none could be
better ;
‘ He’d famous Implements, and famous
Stock,¹
‘ And truly was a Father to his Flock.
‘ His Shepherds,² Salesmen, Butchers,
and his Stud,
‘ Were all well chosen, capitally good :
‘ His Stock³ at times with wild vagaries
tired him,
‘ But in their hearts they honour’d and
admir’d him ;

¹ Fleets and Armies.

² Generals, Commissaries, Medical Staff, Cavalry.

³ Subjects.

- ‘ One here and there would not from
mischief keep—
- ‘ You find in every Flock, a few bad
Sheep.
- ‘ This Letter¹ gave the Farmer much
alarm—
- ‘ ’Twas like enough they might infest his
Farm.
- ‘ He’d send a Shepherd, who with little
labour,
- ‘ Should clear the Lands of his poor
frighten’d neighbour.
- ‘ So sent a Stock best suited for the Soil,
- ‘ Led by a Shepherd² from a Neigh-
bouring Isle ;
- ‘ Who wisely at the first a footing got,

¹ It was supposed the intention of Buonaparte, after having subjugated the Peninsula, was to have invaded England and Ireland.

² Sir A. Wellesley was sent to Portugal with a small force.

‘ Then drove the Vermin from around
that Spot ;¹
‘ Would, as ’tis said, completed soon the
job,—
‘ Spite, like a Thief, did from his Laurels
rob.
‘ Two elder Shepherds ² came—and what
was hard,
‘ With their D——n’d nonsense all his
projects mar’d.
‘ If they were sent his active powers to
fetter,
‘ Of those who did it, less that’s said the
better.
‘ Ere since that time he’s toil’d both
Night and Day,
And from this Farm the Vermin clear’d
away.

¹ Vide the Battle of Vimiera.

² Sir H——y B——d and Sir H——w D——e.

‘ Pre-eminently now he stands alone,
 ‘ Lov’d, and obey’d by all as Chief
 Patrone ;

‘ In manners easy, wonderful in Mind,
 ‘ Jocose, familiar with the humblest Hind.¹
 ‘ But that’s so wisely temper’d, so
 superior,
 ‘ Commanding due respect from each
 Inferior.

‘ His Shepherds² tho’ have caused him
 much anxiety,
 ‘ Such numbers sent from Home, and
 such variety ;
 ‘ Some from all Countries, German, Irish,
 British—
 ‘ Some staid enough, but many Cursed
 skittish :

¹ Officers.

² Lieutenant-Generals and Major-Generals.

‘ Many from Envy — rancorous, and
jealous,

‘ Esteem’d themselves most mighty clever
Fellows,

‘ Would mar the Scheme that he’d so
ably planned,

‘ Had he not held them with a steady
Hand.

‘ Some swore he always studied to insult
them,

‘ There peep’d the Cloven foot—he’d not
consult them.

‘ He wisely judged, and smiled at the
attack—

He knew the whole concern was on his
Back :

‘ Had things gone wrong, he knew so
well their trim,

‘ Done what he would, they’d shoved the
Blame on Him.

- ‘ Lots of Young Shepherds came, and it
a fact is,
‘ Some Prudence wanted, but all wanted
Practice.
‘ So proud to tend a Flock, they’d scorn
denial,
‘ The Patron therefore took them all¹ on
Trial :
‘ Kept those with him he thought most
apt to learn,
‘ The others recommended to return.
- ‘ Now, my good Friend, ’tis thus the
matter stands,
‘ No farmer can produce more able
Hands.

¹ There is no doubt many intelligent Major-Generals came out, whose bad health would not admit their continuing in the Country, and who much regretted their inability to Serve.

‘ One more Patron¹ also, there will be
found

‘ Who² Farms exclusively this Bit of
Ground.

‘ Of him I cannot speak, I know him not,

‘ You’ll get his Character from Walter
Scott:

‘ Of his pretensions I am in the Dark,

‘ But Folks pronounce him a D——n’d
lucky Spark.

‘ That wond’rous Poet’s praise I can’t
him grudge,

‘ As Mr. Scott must be a better judge.

‘ A largish Family our Chief attends,

‘ Two, or three Shepherds,³ he retains his
Friends.

¹ Portugal.

² F——d M——l B——d.

³ The Q——r M——r G——l.

- ‘ One that inspects the Roads, the
Lands Survey,
‘ Marks out the Pens, for fear the Herds
might Stray,
Esteem’d a much superior Fellow in
his Way. }
‘ Another¹ has the charge of his
Accounts,
‘ Corrects the Bills, and adds up the
Amounts :
‘ A third,² his Private matters does
indite,—
‘ They’re both extremely Clever, and
Polite.

‘ Then he’s a numerous Gang of
Shepherd Boys,³

¹ The A——t G——l.

² The M——y S——y.

³ The A——s d— C—— to the Commander of the
Forces on the Peninsula.

' Some go on errands, others kept as
Toys.

' One Youth¹ amidst this lively Group
appears,

' Victim to Miscreants in his early
Years,

' Nobly came forth to act an humble part,

' T' obtain a knowledge of the Farming
Art:

' Fearless encounters Danger and Disaster,

' To be the Pupil of so great a Master.

' A Youth like him to every virtue prone,

' Britannia's lovely Gem must make her
own.

' Then shoals of Salesmen,² travelling in
all Weathers,

' You know them by their Spur, long
Swords, and Feathers.

¹ The P——ce of O——ge.

² Commissaries.

‘ Smuggling, ’tis said, is grown to such a
Pitch,

‘ That all these Feather’d Rogues are
getting Rich.

‘ But Folks say any thing for the sake of
chatter—

‘ I don’t believe a word about the matter :

‘ If in their course of Duty, and Employ-
ment,

‘ A Hare pick up, by way of some enjoy-
ment,

‘ That’s quite enough to give the Rogues
a Name—

‘ “ See, these D——n’d Salesmen ! why,
they live on Game ! ”

‘ Then here’s a swarm of Butchers,¹ great
and small,

‘ Some for the Carcase, others for the Stall.

¹ The Medical Officers.

- ‘ One Master Butcher¹ o’er the rest pre-
sides,
‘ And with the Patron usually resides :
‘ Their Journeymen, Apprentices, and
Men,
‘ Distributed among each Flock and Pen.²
‘ ’Tis wisely done to have them on the
Spot,
‘ To keep them free from Murrain, and
the Rot :
‘ Dexterous they are, and in their judg-
ment sound,
‘ To amputate a Limb, and cure a Wound.

‘ Our Worthy, good Patron, with grief it
fills
‘ To send the Farmer Home their Mon-
strous Bills.³

¹ Dr. M——r.

² Divisions and Hospitals.

³ Return of killed and wounded.

- ' Much as he likes the Chase—it does him
shock
- ' To see so many worried of his Flock.
- ' In their Profession admirably skilled ;
- ' That Arm, no doubt, could not be better
filled.
- ' Skilful as they extract, and Bleed, and
Cup,
- ' I hope my worthy Friends won't Cut
me up.

- ' Our Patron too, has got a Lot of
Dogs¹
- ' To clear the Woods and Fences, Fields
and Bogs :
- ' They 're chiefly Pointers, but of various
sorts—
- ' Some Guard the Flocks, others for Field
Sports.

¹ Artillery.

- ‘ They ’re wond’rous docile, so well Broke,
and Tame,
‘ Whene’er they point, they ’re certain of
their Game.
‘ Many attach’d to Herds¹—but all have
Marks,
The Deep-toned,² Wide-mouth’d ones
are kept in Parks.
‘ Steady, and staunch, whene’er the
Huntsman calls,
‘ They follow up the Game, nor heed
Stone Walls.
‘ The Master Huntsman³ is a Man well
known
‘ To be in favour with the great Patron.
‘ And then his underlings⁴ of every sort,
‘ Are Keen, and able Fellows for the Sport.

¹ Brigades.

² Great guns and mortars, &c. &c.

³ The O——r C——g the Artillery.

⁴ Artillery Officers.

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' Added to these, should Flocks or Herds
run riot,

' There's Whippers-in¹ enough to keep
them quiet.

' The various Stock is parcelled with
precision,

' So many Herds are put in each Division.

' The Flocks of Sheep, & Drovers of Mules
& Goats,²

' Distinguished are by Marks upon their
Coats.

' The Mules are in one Drove, and
altogether,

' They're chiefly Stalled, or fastened to a
Tether :

' Tho' famous Animals, it does appear

' They rather wildish ran the latter Year ;

¹ Provost Marshals.

² Light and Heavy Cavalry.

- ‘ Their Grooms were careless, so ‘tis given
out,
‘ Or knew not, really, what they were
about.
‘ The Mules, it seems, were after Forage
lurking,
‘ And so, to fill their Paunch, avoided
working,¹
‘ I ‘ll only this observe, as all is past,

¹ In respect to the British Cavalry, many instances were witnessed of gallant conduct of Regiments, Squadrons, and Individuals: they are all Brave—but certainly the Officers are generally deficient in knowledge of Cavalry Tactics; and the men have not that proper regard, and affection, I may call it, for the noble animal that bears them.

A German Soldier will sell his Bread to feed his Horse—a British Soldier will sell the Corn to purchase Drink.

The German Officer, and Soldier, are superior to the British, for both Officer, and Soldier, in the German Cavalry, know their Duty, and feel a pride in it.

It is not a whimsical Uniform, or a monstrous pair of Mustachios, that make the Cavalry Officer: but there seems so much attention now-a-days paid to the external embellishment, that the interior is left to bare Walls—empty Chambers.

Even the French Cavalry boasted, ‘that give them

‘ It was a general fault, from first to last.
 ‘ A few pick’d Shepherds¹ too, ’tis fair to
 Name,
 ‘ Tho’ all are good, not good alike the
 same.

‘ The First² who stands upon our Patron’s
 Book
 ‘ For Foreign Parts, he early Home
 forsook—
 ‘ Good-humoured, gay, yet one can well
 descry
 ‘ There ’s much intelligence marked in his
 Eye ;

English Horses, and they would drive the British Cavalry from the Field’; and there are folks who are inclined to believe them : then as for Cavalry Generals—I wish there was a School for Generals.

¹ L——t G——ls and M——r G——ls commanding divisions.

² Lt.-Gen. Sir R——d H——l.

‘ He’s oft detached with largish Flocks,
and Droves

‘ To take advantage of the neighbouring
Groves :

‘ I have not room his qualities to tell,

‘ He does his business, and he does it
well ;

‘ From sturdy Stem of Shropshire he’s a
Limb,

‘ The proud Salopians may be proud of
Him.

‘ Then there’s a rich old Shepherd,¹ fra’
the North,

‘ A braver Man ne’er stept on this side
Forth.

‘ Tho’ master of a Farm, and oldish
grown,

‘ He slighted all to serve with our Patron ;

¹ Lt.-Gen. Sir T——s G——m.

‘ Lively, and brisk, and, tho’ good-
temper’d, rough—

‘ Scott’s praise of Him is scarcely praise
enough.

‘ Here’s too a gaudy Shepherd,¹ come
from Cheshire,

‘ Much like the rest I think, but rather
fresher.

‘ The little I shall say needs no apology,

‘ The Speaker has, I know, pronounc’d
his Eulogy.

‘ He manages the Mules, mark’d Red and
Blue,

‘ Doing it well, he has enough to do.

‘ Then there’s another Roister,² also, fra’
the North,

¹ Lt.-Gen. Sir S——n C——n.

² Lt.-Gen. E——l D——e.

‘ And like his Countryman, as High in
worth ;

‘ I know him well, and my opinion’s such,

‘ Say what I will, I cannot say too much.

‘ With Southern Farmers, this may cause
a Smile,

‘ The Scots are Farmers in superior Style.

‘ Another Shepherd¹ also in request

‘ Is very justly placed amongst the Best ;

‘ Ardent, and Brave, for Glory does
aspire,

‘ And such a sentiment one must admire.

‘ If any trifling fault we to him lay,

‘ He’s anxious over-much—for so they
say.

‘ Here’s a brisk Irish Lad² too, Devil a
better,

¹ Lt.-Gen. C——n.

² Maj.-Gen. P—k—m.

' Who at the Vermin is a rattling Setter ;
' Connected with the great Patron,'tis true,
' But his Abilities will bear him through.

' Fain would I now describe in Epigram
' A bold descendant of Sir David Gam.¹
' Connected to this Taffy blood, we find
' A noble Soul, and an expansive Mind ;
' In Fields of Glory he such progress
made,
' His Laurels now afford him ample
Shade.

' Another too, a lively Irish Fellow,²
' Time, perhaps, may soften down, and
render mellow ;
' Impetuous by Nature, often Rash,
' But Stout, and Sturdy, famous at a
Dash.

¹ Lt.-Gen. Sir T. P——n.

² Maj.-Gen. C——e.

‘ And one more fra’ the North,¹ that I
must mention,
‘ Who’s influenc’d no doubt by just
intention;
‘ For Zeal, and Ardour he to none may
yield,
‘ And thought an active Fellow in the
Field.

‘ One more² I’ll mention, as I think it
fair,
‘ That where there’s merit, it should have
its share;
‘ Bold, Active, Mild, Intelligent, and
Pleasant,
‘ Liked by his charge, from Herdsman to
the Peasant.

¹ Maj.-Gen. Sir T. S——t.

² Lt.-Gen. L——h.

‘ There ’s Lots of others too, most Gallant
Spirits,

‘ Volumes would not do justice to their
merits ;

‘ Suffice it must to say, their Country’s
weal

‘ Can never be sustain’d by nobler Zeal.

‘ I’ll now describe how is arrang’d the
Stock,

‘ The distribution of each Herd, and
Flock :

‘ A Master Shepherd is attach’d to each,

‘ The whole to manage, ignorant to
teach.

‘ A Junior to each Flock, Clerk, Surveyor,¹

‘ A Whipper - in also, to catch the
Strayer,—

¹ M—r-G—l, Ass—t Adj—t-G—l, Ass—t
Q—r-M—r-G—l.

' Herdsmen and Salesmen¹—perhaps two
Dogs or more,

' To scare away the Vermin with their
Roar ;

' These, well dispos'd, and parcell'd o'er
the Land,

' At once pourtrays the able Master's
Hand.

' All are so excellent, and in such
Heart,

' Thirsting for Glory, panting for the
Start.

' Some Flocks there are, the produce of
those Lands,

' Whose Shepherds were not reckon'd
able Hands :

¹ Officers, Commissaries, Guns, Provost Marshals.

‘ ’Twas evident their Stock should be
new moulded,
‘ And under skilful Hands, fresh Penn’d,
and Folded.¹

‘ An Irish Shepherd,² now a Patron
named,
‘ Who for Interior management was
famed,
‘ Was bid to put, and in good order keep,
‘ This Lot of loose, disorder’d, scurvy
Sheep.
‘ It was an arduous job, with danger
fraught,
‘ And justly so describ’d by Mr. Scott.

¹ The P——se Army was originally contemptible. The great brilliant, and persevering exertions of F——d-M——l B——d, and the Officers under him, have been successful, by rendering the P——se Army efficient in point of Discipline, Activity, and interior Oeconomy.

² F——d-M——l B——d.

- ‘ But, ere he could this business undertake,
‘ Some Shepherds,¹ Herdsmen, Hinds,
was forced to make,
‘ Many from Britain, most from Ireland
chose,
‘ Interest, they say, in this did interpose.
‘ There’s something always blameable
appears,
‘ Whate’er’s the job, where interest
interferes ;
‘ But in this case, amongst the Numbers
sent,
‘ Saving a Few, the rest were excellent,—
‘ Who by their Skill, and active per-
severance,
‘ Soon gave the Flocks a different appear-
ance,—

¹ Officers taken from the British and German regiments.

- ‘ And in small Herds, now Browsing with
the rest,
‘ Are estimated as the Second best.
‘ Their Herdsmen too, once ignorant no
doubt,
‘ Seem now to understand what they’re
about.
‘ There’s also come, I’m told, some
Fam’d Borachios,¹
‘ With shortish Tails, but monstrous
large Mustachios ;

¹ The H——r B——de.

Upon our approach to the River Eslar, it was expedient that a Lodgement should be made on the opposite side of that River, to protect the formation of the Pontoon Bridge, for the Army to cross the River ; the Hussar Brigade, supported by the 51st Light Regt. and Light Regiment of Brunswick Oels (ordered to support the Cavalry) were ordered to attack, take, and maintain the Village. The River, at all times rapid, by the melting of the Snow, was swollen two feet in depth, and its current raged with increasing velocity : 100 Men of the 51st were advanced, with the advance of the Hussars, and passed at the Ford with safety, but drenched with Water ; the two Corps followed, and it was directed

‘ One really would suppose, from their
D——d braying,
‘ No Vermin in the Country dare be
staying.

that an Infantry Soldier should hold by the stirrup-leather of a Hussar. Whether it was the anxiety to pass the Ford, or some other cause, such was the press to enter the River, that the Ford was lost, and in one minute were seen Hussars scrambling, their Horses now on a Rock—next minute, plunging over head, the Infantry dragged hanging at the Stirrup, and Horses Tails; some by a jerk, or kick lost their hold, and were, struggling with the Torrent—others borne by the rapid Current of the Water, sunk, never to rise more;—others happily cast on bits of Islands. Hussars were seen plunging to get up the Bank, dragging three or four Infantry, half-drowned, so convulsed as to keep their grasp. Men’s Caps, Knapsacks, floating down the Stream: but the attachment of one Infantry Soldier to his Firelock was astonishing—he was seen by an Officer, who rode to the brink of the Rock; as the Man floated down the stream, supported as he lay on his back, by his Knapsack, the Officer said, ‘ Can you swim?’ ‘ No, your honour.’ ‘ Then throw away your Firelock.’ ‘ No, your honour; I’ll bring She to shore with me—I won’t part with She.’ Fortunately the current bore Him so near to the Rock, the Officer could reach his Bayonet, and the Man was saved. On this occasion it is not in words to give an adequate idea of the gallant and humane conduct of the Hussars. A Serjeant of the 18th Hussars was heard to exclaim, upon his seeing a

- ‘ They’re wondrous favourites with the
Squire, I’ve heard,—
‘ Some think their Trappings foolish, and
absurd.
‘ Their Herdsman too, tho’ he so often
blunders,
‘ At home has got the Name for doing
wonders.
‘ Be that as ’t may—tho’ this Drove came
the latest,

very fine young Officer of the 51st struggling for life in the middle of the Torrent, ‘ I’ll be D——d if the fine Boy shall be drowned,’ and plunged his Horse into the Stream, and, when he rose above the Water, pressed towards the Officer, caught him by the jacket, and lifted him on Shore.—Many other similar cases happened. During the time of passing the River, indeed, I have every reason to believe the Men of the Hussars that were drowned, on this occasion, died victims to their humanity. And it was admirable to see those gallant Fellows, when landed, and free from the grasp of the poor Infantry Soldiers, spring forward to ascend the Hill with an ardour to attack an Enemy they were instructed to expect would oppose them.

I wish it was in my power to have paid a similar compliment, for humane exertion, to an Officer of A——y.

- ‘ They’re much the finest Asses, and the
Greatest :
‘ But really I do think, when forward
Straying,
‘ They’ll in a Gallant Style make good
their Braying.
‘ From Lisbon, also, on the Road to join,
‘ Is a prime Lot of Large, and Royal
Swine ;¹

¹ The H——ld T——ps.—In respect of those fine Regiments, much, very much, should be considered in their favour.

Unaccustomed to Foreign service—unaccustomed to any duty but London duty, which Duty there are no Regiments can perform half so ably—distinguished from other Regiments in every respect, particularly in regard to *pay* and interior convenience, it was hardly fair, and assuredly inconsiderate, calculating the expence, to employ the Life Guards on such service.

Barring the absence of proper feeling in a few Officers, who rather too hastily returned Home, no Troops were more distinguished for Discipline, good Conduct, *Sobriety*, Zeal, and Gallantry, or for their patient, and cheerful submission to privations, and hardships resulting from the nature of the Service, and possibly somewhat increased by their inexperience : and I may observe without any possible risk of contradiction, had the Household

‘ They’re no great Favourites with the
Farmer’s Heir,

‘ And that He’d sell them all did oft
declare.

‘ He’s of a different turn, and rests his
Basis

‘ On rearing up a famous Breed of Asses.

‘ As for these Swine, I’m told they’re
large, and good,

‘ At first were much averse to foreign
Food.

‘ Such a wild Row was kick’d up by the
Brutes,

‘ ’Twas all dismay, disasters, and disputes :

‘ As for dismay each bristled up his Chine,

‘ Grunted for finest Wheat, and then for
Wine,

Troops been fortunately pitted against the best Cavalry
of the Enemy, the result would have given them a
Celebrity in arms coequal to a general Character so
highly creditable to those Corps.

‘ Then for disaster, their Swineherds
pretend,

‘ They chose to Roam, refused to be close
Penn’d.

‘ Disputes they had, no doubt, one with
another,

‘ The Swine, and Swineherds grunted at
each other.

‘ No wonder that these Animals play’d
tricks,

‘ Their Senior Swineherds all, they say,
are Sticks.¹

‘ A drove from Oxford too, are with the
rest,

‘ And judges say, are much by far the
Best.

¹ F——d O——rs, Gold and Silver Sticks in the
Court Regalia.

‘ Loose as they are, the Patron has no
doubt,

‘ Bold as the best, they’ll route the
Vermin out.

‘ I’ve now to tell you, that in all Directions
‘ Dry Forage¹ is amassed in vast
Collections,

‘ That when by heat, or cold the Grass is
dead,

‘ ’Tis from these Stores the Flocks &
Droves are fed.

‘ Warerooms of Medicine, kept with the
intent

‘ To cure those Sick, or hurt by accident.

‘ In short, my Friend, without exaggeration,

‘ The whole reflects much credit on the
Nation.

¹ Ample Stores—of Provision—Forage, also for the Hospitals, and of various other descriptions.

- ‘ A nobler Stock, more healthy and
complete,
‘ Travel where’er you will, you’ll scarcely
meet.
‘ No doubt Material has been well
supplied ;
‘ But in your judgment you will soon
decide,
‘ That raw Materials, spoil without the
aid
‘ Of Workmen highly eminent in Trade,—
‘ So, the perfection of this Stock alone
‘ Springs from the genius of our great
Patron.’

N. B.

- ‘ One word, or two I merely wish to say,
‘ A trifling circumstance, about the Pay :¹

¹ The pay of the Army is six months in arrear ; the
Contingent allowance Ten months.

A more than actual sufficiency for the Men during the

- ' If an Artificer a Work engages,
 ' He contracts to receive a certain
 Wages ;
 ' If that 's withheld, he strikes—but here
 'tis clear,
 ' Our's daily strike, tho' paid but once a
 Year.
 ' They only Strike, 'tis true ; but when
 we need 'em,
 ' Then not for Lucre, but their Country's
 freedom.
 ' Grumble they don't, but yet it would be
 best,
 ' To have, no doubt, some little in the
 Chest.'

operations of active Warfare is injurious ; the Soldier should not have wherewith to get drunk with, for that is always the result after the Balances are received, and, until the Money is exhausted, the Soldier is a Clog. The Officers, unfortunately, suffer by the withholding their Pay.

John having thus transcrib'd all he'd
Collected,
The Letter sent, as honest Dad directed.

The Summer Solstice did with strides
advance—

The Chief jocosely said, 'Prepare for
France,'

The joke passed on, but yet it will appear,
There was more meaning lurk'd than met
the Ear.

His wond'rous projects now might be
effected,

Success must crown where'er his power
directed.

Tho' in Field-sports he join'd for recrea-
tion

His Nobler pursuits kept in reservation.
A Gallant Army, in the finest state,
Panting for glory, did his nod await.

The toils, and labours of the late
Campaigns,
His great exertions, all his cares, and
Pains,
Were well repaid—for now he could
fulfil
The boldest object of his Mighty Will.

Now busy rumour of anticipation
Whispers the general movement from each
Station.

And now the Staff, with air of consequence,
A question cannot solve on no pretence—
'When do we move? you know; come,
tell us, pray.'

You move him not—he gravely moves
away;

His chill reserve, his cold repulsive mien,
But hides the mighty nothings of his
brain.

' Here, *Newcome*'s in the secret; he will
tell us.'

' No, D—n me if I can, my honest Fellows.

' I'll tell you what, my Boys, 'tis my belief,

' There 's no one in the secret but our Chief,

' The advantages of secresy he knows,

' No one can tell, what no one can dis-
close.'

As for John's part, whether 'twere False,
or True,

He freely told the trifle that he knew ;

It was a littleness he did despise,

The poor conceit of being suspected
Wise ;

But with the World he saw, that was
the rule,

The resource, and refuge, of each Fool.

'Twas now the middle of the Month of
May,

When o'er the Hills the Warlike Hosts
display—

The Colours waving in the flitting Wind,
The lengthened Columns tailing far
behind.

Now the steep Mountain-cliff their steps
assail,

Again descending, Wind into the Vale.

The undulating Columns o'er the Plain

Proclaim a Host in motion once again.

Fain would my Muse depict the Warlike
scenery,

The awful Grandeur of the vast
Machinery ;

Fain make familiar to imagination

Th' effect of moving War by combination ;

Fain teach unletter'd Minds to under-
stand,

The nice cohesion of the Warlike
band—

With diffidence, this object to obtain,
I'll try the subject in my humble Strain.

Full Eighty thousand Men, in partial
Bands,
Extending wide in Quarters o'er the
Lands;
All well equipp'd, by Winter's preparation,
In order most complete to quit each
Station.
Cheerful, Repose, and Luxury they
yield,
Following their Mighty Chieftain to the
Field;
And thus in part the Warlike arts display'd
This numerous force, so skilfully array'd.
In various Bodies, Marching to one
Point,
Communication kept, and no disjoint;

Parallel move—so uniformly Led,
 None deviate, no Column shoots a-head.
 So well preserve the distance from each
 other,

Contiguous Columns flanking one another.
 Day, after Day, this rigidly maintain
 O'er the rude Mountain, or extended
 Plain.

Then Glittering Herds of Cavalry appear,
 Advanced in Front, on Flank, or in the
 Rear :

So form'd, so organiz'd, this Mighty Host,
 All know their Station, every Man his
 Post.

Can ought be seen more wond'rous, more
 Sublime,

This great Machine in motion at one time;
 So well dispos'd, and all so closely cling,
 Receiving impulse from one active
 Spring ?

'Twas thus our Army open'd the
Campaign,
And Lusitania left, to burst on Spain.

Thus our great Captain led his gallant
Band,
O'er the wide Plains of Leon's fertile
Land ;
Whilst all the Gallic Force, the Hostile
Foe,
Directed by Gazon, and great King Joe,
Spread o'er the Country round, in varied
Route,
Bewilder'd in perplexity, and doubt :
When t'wards the South their eager looks
address,
The Allied Troops surpriz'd them from
the West ;
With all their Force array'd on Douro's
Bank,

Our skilful Hero took them on the Flank ;
 From Salamanca bravely chased them
 forth,

And drove them in dismay towards the
 North.

Burgos blown up, Pencorva forc'd to
 yield,

Nor check'd their flight 'till reach'd
 Vittoria's Field.

Whilst o'er the Mountains, Bands of
 Spaniards¹ prowl,

With little order, and with less controul ;

¹ However formidable the Spanish Armies are on Paper, what we have seen of them in the Field does not entitle them to be ranked with any description of Troops in Europe ; and I even doubt if the Americans would not speak slightly of them. I will give the Spanish Nation all the credit for obstinacy and jealousy they can wish ; but I for one give them no further : their conduct to their Allies, in many instances, has been unfriendly and suspicious — often Hostile. It may be politic to commend their conduct for Gallant Achievement in the Field ; I of course shall not presume to contradict that : and much may be allowed for a Ragged, Starved, unpaid Host, and of whom the Officers are the

While desolation o'er their Country
spread,
The High-toned Blood, the Warlike soul
was fled ;
Whate'er the Cause, the Motive, or the
Reason,
By Fraud, by Threats, by Artifice, or
Treason,
Whilst Hosts on Hosts did in succession
grow,
Judge from events, they merely were for
Show ;
With other Troops they hold no sort of
Rivalry,
Cervantes quizz'd them out of all the
Chivalry.

first to run away. They have admitted some, but very few British Officers into their service ; but if the selection has proved fortunate, I suppose it will be hereafter made known.

Now all the Gallic force suspends its

Flight,

And at Vittoria Centre, and Unite ;

Joe, and Gazon had check'd its voli-

tation,

And in array the Army round it

Station.

Both Imbecile, and Vain, they treat with

slight

The Hero and his Troops who'd caus'd

their Flight.

Puff'd with conceit, they Espionage

neglected,

So got a visit, sooner than expected.

Tho' he in Leon had their minds

astonish'd,

Joe, and his Chum were not to be

admonish'd.

For Joe was heard amidst his Dames to

say,

‘ That our great Lord should Dine¹ with
him that Day.

‘ And when he had prepar’d Ragouts and
Soups,

‘ He’d take the noble Lord, and Route
his Troops.’

Forgetting he’d to deal with one so arch,
Who on the Vaunter neatly stole a March.

¹ It was ascertained as fact, that King Joe was so certain of beating the Allied Army, it was his and Gazon’s intention to have attacked ; and Joe had boasted he should beat the Enemy, and had actually prepared a grand Dinner for Lord Wellington and his Officers. They meant to attack on the 22d of June.

Joe always travelled with a Suite of Ladies, generally beautiful Women : it is said, there were ten ladies of his private Family with him. Those, with all his Wardrobe, Carriages, and Plunder from Madrid, were taken, and he only escaped with the Clothes on his Back, having lost his Hat. By way of replenishing his Goods and Chattles, he actually stole the Linen, Plate, and Clothes, from every place he stopped at, until he reached the French frontier—and also a Hat from a Priest.

The whole Baggage, Money, Artillery, and those of the French Army were taken—Carriages, and Animals, and a great many Ladies. The French Officers said they were so pinched, we did not leave them a Pinch of Snuff.

Then reconnoitring how they were dispos'd,

To all his Generals his mind disclos'd—
The one great object, anxious to obtain,
' To drive the Rascals fairly out of Spain.'
On twenty-first of June, made Disposition
To force the Enemy from their Position.
Full Sixty thousand Men, arrang'd in
Sight

(But more inclin'd, I think, to run than
Fight),

Tho' seeming bent his progress to dispute,
Receiv'd his Visit with a grand Salute.

First on our right the great, the gallant
Hill,

Obedient to our noble Chieftain's will,
The Enemy, tho' strongly posted found,
Their Left drove in—they quickly left the
Ground.

Dalhousie, Picton, then the conflict enter,
Intrepidly advance against the Centre:

This forc'd, they hastily commenced the
flight,

For Graham, boldly press'd upon their
Right.

Tho' Cannon, Mortars, play'd from every
part

Sufficient to appal the bravest heart—

Tho' show'rs of Bullets whizzing from
each Spot

(The French are rather partial to long
Shot),

Nor Shots,nor Shells,nor Legions in Array,
Not for one moment check'd them on
their Way ;

But Slow and Firm, progressively they
move,

And from each Post, the Hostile mis-
creants Drove.

In vain th' embattl'd Foe, with Warlike
Band,

Bristled with Cannon, could the Charge
withstand.

Slaughter, and Death, on every side they
meet,

And only find their safety in Retreat.

The fact was this, the Fellows ran away,
Commenc'd their Flight so early in the
Day ;

In haste the Road to Pampeluna took,
And Ladies, Baggage, Cannon, all for-
sook ;

Fighting gave up, and had recourse to
Cunning—

They're sure to beat us if it comes to
Running.

This I've observ'd, whene'er we Battle
make,

We overcome, but seldom overtake.

And tho' our Gallant Cavalry would fain
Have shar'd the Glory of th' ensanguin'd
Plain,

Their anxious wishes could not be effected,
'Twas so by Ditches,¹ and Ravines, protected.

Joe, and Gazon, as Generals, must be
scouted—

First out Manœuvred, then completely
Routed.

But of their Conduct, what we most up-
braid is,

They wanted Courage to protect their
Ladies.

¹ Such was the rapidity of the Conflict, and such the nature of the Ground, very few of our Gallant Cavalry were engaged; wide, deep, and watery Ditches intersected the Country in all directions. Had the ground admitted, our Cavalry must have intercepted Thousands.

The French could only take two small Field-pieces with them, which, from the rapidity of the pursuit, fell into the Conqueror's hands before they reached Pampe-luna; but in their usual depredatious way, they plundered all the Houses, and burned many.

Such dastards, as we generally find most,
Secure themselves, the Devil take the
hindmost,

And now it was the Hussars¹ got their
share,

Took all the Coaches, Baggage, and the
Fair.

Not of their Gallantry I would speak
slighting,

No Troops, I'm sure, can beat them at
fair Fighting.

This was the Day on which our Gallant
John

Would crown his Fame, as he had told
upon :

Being by Order of his Chief dispatch'd—
Bent on his purpose, he th' occasion
watch'd;

¹ The Hussars made a gallant charge through the Town, and in their progress attacked, and drove the Enemy's Cavalry out.

Eager in search of Glory, and Renown,
Dash'd, with some Hussars, boldly into
Town.

Joe, who had heard of the Hussars'
approach,
Had with his Ladies hustled to his
Coach;
There, finding they were close upon his
Back,
Quickly¹ bounc'd out, and jump'd upon
a Hack;
In wild disorder, and in strange dismay,
Spurr'd thro' the Crowd, in hopes to steal
away.

¹ King Joe, or, as the Spaniards properly style him, the Intruder, was so pressed, he jumped on a horse, lost his Hat, and galloped at full speed out of the Town; and, as Officers and Men, afterwards taken, assured the Author, he actually threw money to the French Soldiery to let him pass.

Our Hero, in mean time, dash'd to and
fro,

By accident o'ertook poor scampering
Joe—

And with his Sabre lent him such a Lick,
'Twas lucky that poor Joe's skull was
Thick,

Who, to avoid the Blow, was stooping
down—

The Sabre from his Hat, cut off the
Crown.

Whilst hapless Joe, escaping, tho' full sad,
He'd lost that Day the only Crown he
had,

But felt consol'd, when at a distance fled,
His Crown had lost, but still had got his
Head.

John, in the bustle, thought Joe's Head
had tumbled,

And 'mongst the Ladies furbelows was
jumbled.

The poor Madames, arrested in their
flight,

Were sprawling in the Street, in woeful
plight—

Screaming, and fainting, prostrate sought
protection,

'Midst Hussars pillaging in all direction,
Such struggling, rifling, squeezing,
'mongst the Folks,

Whiskers, Mustachios, Petticoats, and
Cloaks.

When John, in eager search, fell oddly
flat on

Madame Gazon,¹ with Marshal Jourdon's
Baton;

¹ Madame, the Countess Gazon, a charming woman,
was taken by the Hussars. Major R——t's, 10th
Hussars, it is said, had the Gallantry and Honour to

This charming Woman, tho' a General's
Wife,

Would much give up, in hopes to save her
Life ;

And tho' a careful Guardian of her
honour,

Freely resign'd whate'er John found upon
her.

Who rais'd the fair, and saw where she
had sat,

Not Joey's Head, 'tis true, but bit of Hat.

John, who had long on Glory anxious bent,
This Day succeeded to his heart's content :

Honour, renown, he fairly now bespoke,
For this Day's job had been a lucky
Stroke.

protect her : she was allowed to follow her Husband a few Days after.—Part of the Cavalry only passed through the Town, the Army went right and left of it.

Joe's Head was gone, no doubt—but
what of that?

He'd got the Baton, and the bit of
Hat;

So from the noise, and tumult in the
Street,

He led the lovely Lady, and her Suite;
And in full hopes by politesse to win
her,

Gave Her poor Joey's Bed, and Joey's
Dinner.

The Battle o'er, the French to flight
resign'd 'em,

Running as if the Devil was behind
'em.—

Field-pieces left to those who'd luck to
find 'em.

And there I leave the Cowards to their
fate,

Whilst I of other matters shall relate.

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The Victory gain'd, the Chieftain sought
repose,
When John in modest accents did dis-
close
His great exploits, the wond'rous Feats
he'd done—
The Trophies that he had so nobly won.

The Chief, astonish'd, look'd with much
amaze on
The Baton, bit of Hat, and Madame
Gazon.

The noble Chief in contemplation Sat,
Admir'd the Dame, and archly touch'd
the Hat :
Tho' at her charms in secret look'd
askance,
He, great, like Scipio, sent her back to
France.

And then, his humble duty to evince,
Would send the Hat, and Baton, to the
Prince.

The Baton would be, in his Country's
Eyes,
Deem'd both a noble, and a glorious
Prize;

And, p'rhaps, in spite of rumour, and of
Chat,
Some Folks might like a bit of Royal
Hat.

' *Newcome* should have the honour to
present,

' The Hat and Baton to the Prince
Regent;

' Relate of Cannon taken, and the Pelf,¹

' The Victory would best explain itself.'

¹ The numerous Carriages of all descriptions, and Tumbrils, so completely blocked the Road, and filled the contiguous Fields, it was difficult to pass; the Carriages were completely loaded with Baggage, and

And now, almost as quick as I can tell,
John found himself once more in dear
Pall Mall.

But, as he'd not from usual custom vary,
In Chaise and Four, called on the
Secretary.

The Minister, with admiration struck,
Soon advertised his Friends of their good
Luck ;

the miserable Animals pushed into Deep, and Wet
Ditches. The four-wheeled Tumbrils were loaded with
Ammunition, and Money. It is supposed that those
who divided the Spoil were enriched: certainly the
Soldiers got Thousands of Dollars and Doubloons. It
is said, more Persons than Soldiers shared in the Spoil ;
one got £8000 of Doubloons. It is to be lamented
that, in consequence of the hurry and confusion, the
Money was thus distributed—but it was inevitable ; and
the good fortune fell to the lot of many who did not
share in the Conflict.

Two hundred and five Pieces of Ordnance were taken,
and five hundred Tumbrils ; large quantities of Army
Stores, and Mules, and Horses, and much inferior
Plunder also.—Vittoria is a superior Spanish Town, and
situated in a fertile Plain.

This Victory, with all its consequences,
Would seat them firmly on the Treasury
Benches.

Read the Dispatch—wrote off to the
Lord Mayor,
Who to the Cits should the great News
declare ;
And they, Rich, Lusty Rogues, without
alloy,
As usual, Ate and Drank, to shew their
joy.

And now what hearty peals of exclama-
tion,
What Cannon firing, and what Con-
flagration ;
Such shouts, such grinning, 'mongst all
Ranks of Men,
You'd thought they ne'er would shut
their mouths again.

Such horizontal stretching of each
Muzzle,

Such Drinking healths, such roaring, and
such Guzzle.

But should some small mishap be buzz'd
auricular,

The horizontal would be perpendicular.

John, who in most things had his share of
Nouse,

His humble duty left at Carlton House ;
And was inform'd, with certain pompous
gravity

(At Courts one seldom stumbles upon
suavity),

That He, the Hat, and Baton, Mag-
nifique,

Should be presented early in the Week ;

It was the R——t's will, at sights so
pleasant,

The Q——n, and all her Ladies, should
be present.

Down to the ground our Hero made his
bow,

And to the Knight and Lady, off he flew.

‘ So, my dear John, you made poor Joey
truckle ’;

Whilst at the Hat he slily gave a chuckle.

My Lady, too, the Baton did explore—

‘ She ’d never seen so fine a thing before.’

Johnny then told them of his feats of
Arms,

Of Joe’s escape, and Madame Gazon’s
charms.

‘ Come, John,’ says Dad, ‘from truth you
cannot screen us ;

‘ You were her Mars, my Boy, and she
your Venus.’

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John now at every House was in request,
And every where receiv'd a welcome
Guest.
He thought he ne'er should finish with his
Glory,
So often pester'd to repeat the story.
We give him credit there for a pretence,
He rather lik'd being made of Consequence.
The Battle, Trophies, Folks were so much
wrapt in,
They made a mighty bustle 'bout the
Captain.
Captain no more—for in the next
Gazette,
Tho' envious ones did vastly fume and
fret,
In recompence for wonderous Renown,
Who seiz'd a Baton, and cut off a
Crown:



Preserving the Trophies.

As C——n for a precedent was quoted,
Lieutenant Colonel¹ was at once Pro-
moted.

And now the Day arriv'd, as deem'd
expedient,
John should present the Trophies to the
R——t.

Th' illustrious R——t sat in Regal
State,
The Lords and Ladies did around him
wait.

John made his Triple Bows, and kneel-
ing down,
Humbly presented the Baton, and Crown.

¹ It was considered rather an uncommon instance of good fortune, the Noble L—d should, on any pretence, have been so unaccountably promoted in the same Gazette, Major and Lieut.-Colonel.

It so fell out, perhaps no one could say
why,

The Ladies titter'd, and the Lords look'd
Sly.

The Noble Prince, in his great self
collected,

He first the Baton from the Hat selected.

In manners dignified, and all his own,

He thus his R——l sentiments made
known—

‘ This Baton, Sir, is in my firm belief,

‘ The noblest Gift a Sovereign can receive ;

‘ And when so merited, we all must
know,

‘ The noblest Gift a Sovereign can
bestow.

‘ Here! take this back, with gratitude I
yield it,—

‘ His is the only Arm that's fit to
Wield it.

‘ As for this French Machine, with its
obliquities,
‘ T——r shall find it room with my
Antiquities.’

Then graceful fingering the bit of Felt,
His condescending smiles around him
dealt—

‘ Tho’ this poor Crown is something worn
and Flat,

‘ Still ’tis a precious morsel of old Hat ;

‘ And as to aged relics I am partial,

‘ ’Twill suit my purpose better than the
Marshal.

‘ You, gallant Colonel, shall appointed
be,

‘ In my establishment, an Equerry,

‘ Knight of the Bath, and F——k’s
A. D. C.

The Baton struck the Dames with much
surprise,

They all admir'd the painting, shape, and
size :

' It was a Stick, no doubt, 'twas made of
Oak ;

' And heavy too—'twould give a monstrous
Stroke.'

As for the Hat, as round about they dealt
it,

When each great Lord, & noble Knight
had felt it—

' For such a Prize 'twas not worth while
to Roam,

' They all could boast a better one at
Home.'

John now of his new Dignities felt
proud,

So quietly withdrew from out the Crowd.

And thus quite happy, and elate with joy,
The Knight and Lady hugg'd their dar-
ling Boy.

The Lady's head could nothing run
upon,

' But Son, Sir Johnny, and of Spouse, Sir
John.'

The Knight, who'd long been brooding
on his Speech,

With Prop, and Prompter close within his
reach,

Now told his Son, Sir John, 'twas his
intent

' To make a flaming speech in Parliament.

' Your Letter too, dear John—Sir John,
your pardon;

' I've in my vacant hours labour'd hard
on.

Q

‘ I ’m well prepar’d—but you must be so
kind,

‘ Should I forget, to prompt me from
behind ;

‘ But first, my Son, Sir John, it will be
mete,

‘ That you in Parliament should take your
Seat :

‘ Having so done, we then can at our
pleasures, .

‘ Together both consult, about my
measures.’

And now our Hero, without more delay,
Went with his Dad, to make his first
Entré.

The Ceremony o’er, and in his place,
The S——r, with much Gravity, and
Grace,

His right Hand on his Chair he gently
press'd,

And thus our Hero solemnly address'd :

‘ Lieutenant-Colonel Sir John *Newcome*,

‘ I’m to observe, that here are very few
come

‘ With such distinguished honours to
their Name—

‘ So high in Glory, and so great in Fame ;

‘ Your active Vigour, and your gallant
Feats

‘ In Arms, when in Vittoria’s Streets

‘ Your weapon boldly flourish’d ’mongst
the Fair,

‘ Joe’s Crown cut off, and every thing left
bare ;

‘ Drove the poor King from Town, with-
out his Hat on,

‘ Seiz’d Madam Gazon, and the Marshal’s
Baton.

‘ The C——ns, Sir, out of their high regard

‘ For deeds of Valour, grant this proud
Reward

‘ For your Exploits, so Great, and so
Magnanimous,

‘ Thro’ me present their hearty thanks
unanimous.’

Albeit, unused to speaking, John arose,
In first attempt determin’d not to prose ;
Resolv’d that no one should his sense
impeach,

By drawling out a long, and labour’d
Speech :

Then said, ‘ Sir, if from great Example,
‘ I in some late affairs have shewn my
Sample ;

'Tis to the Hero whose Dispatch I bring,

' So great, so wonderful in every thing.

' His be the praise, who Foe, and Fair
disarms,

' All yield to his Celebrity in Arms.'

Some further honours too did John await,
Which caus'd with him and Dad, a small
debate.

' A Badge of Merit,¹ my dear Boy d'ye
see,

' Is a fine Ornament, 'twixt you and me ;

¹ A Badge of Merit is a most honourable Distinction, as the reward of Merit and Gallant achievement ; but its value is eclipsed from the influence of interest.

I should think a Board of Officers should be established to examine into the merits of Officers recommended for such honourable remuneration ; and their fiat should either confirm the claim, or reject it altogether : a Badge of Merit would then be valuable. Indeed, if the power of the Board was extended to decide upon the merits for Brevet Rank, the service would gain by it. It is the value of a thing that makes it desirable.

If, in the examination of the merits of an Officer reported to the Board, for honourable distinction, the opinion of the Board should decidedly confirm the claim

‘Twill look so grand, you know, hung at
your button,

‘ When you Reg’mentals condescend to
put on.’

‘ Such Ornaments, dear Dad, I’d fain not
reap,

Desert, and Interest no distinction
keep ;

‘ That bane to Justice, we must all
deplore,

‘ Merit does much, but interest does much
more.’

and right, a Patent should be sent to the Officer, signed and sealed by the President, stating the sentiments of the Board, &c. &c. Such would be an inestimable intimation of his claim to Merit—handing down to Posterity an honourable proof of Family desert.

But the conferring either Title, or Badge on men who have lolled away their time in Ease, and Affluence, is ridiculous, and truly absurd.

And now friend John more Honours did
 obtain,
 The gratitude of Portugal and Spain ;
 Like Knights of Rodrigo, and Talavera,
 He got the Tower, and Sword, and
 Alcantara.

*N.B. It has been reported that his R——l
 H——s the P——e R——t has signified
 his acquiescence that the Arms of the
 Newcome Family be as follows: A bit of
 old Hat, supported by two Batons—Crest,
 a Cock's Spur—Motto, ' I FELT IT.'*

THE END